



NHL
STENDEN
computer vision
& data science



Van de Loosdrecht
Machine Vision

Computer Vision



VisionLab development environment

10 April 2018

Copyright © 2001 – 2018 by
NHL Stenden Hogeschool and Van de Loosdrecht Machine Vision BV
All rights reserved

j.van.de.loosdrecht@nhl.nl, jaap@vdlmv.nl

Overview

- Development environments (general)
- VisionLab
 - Overview of system
 - Image types
 - Co-ordinate system
 - Dyadic operators
 - Displaying of images
 - Using camera's
 - Tethering with DSLR camera's
 - File Drop Cam (*)
 - File Cam (*)
 - Image Logger (*)
 - Online help
 - Widgets
 - Script language
 - Speeding up scripts (*)
 - Adding user script as operator (*)
 - Adding user C++ operators (*)
 - Adding a user plugin with new operators (*)
 - Adding a C++ operator to the VisionLab server (*)
 - Using VisionLab command interpreter in #C (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

2

Development environments (general)

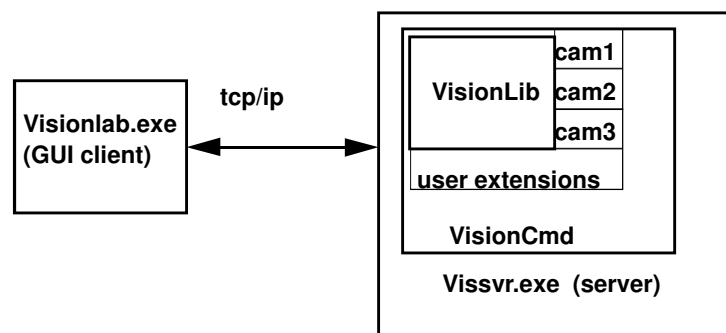
- Image acquisition
- Library with standard operators
- Experiment with operators
 - Interactive
 - Scripts
 - Graphical programming
- Add user defined operators
- Stand-alone applications
- Survey of 10 image processing packages by NHL and TNO TPD

8/27/2018

VisionLab

3

VisionLab Architecture



Demo version can be downloaded from www.vdlmv.nl
(Windows and Linux)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

4

VisionLab Architecture (*)

- **VisionLib:**
Library of more the 200 operators for image processing, classifying with neural networks and interfaces to cameras, written in ANSI C++.
- **VisionCmd:**
Command interpreter for scripts. The scripts can be used for easy and fast development of applications or prototypes.
- **VisionServer:**
Shell with a network interface around VisionCmd. With VisionServer it is possible to communicate over the internet with a remote VisionCmd.
- **VisionClient:**
Graphical user interface with which it is possible to experiment in a comfortable way with the VisionLib library and to develop and test scripts. An online help is available.
- **VisionLibDLL:**
Dll library around VisionCmd, making it accessible other languages. Delphi wrapper is available.
- **VisionLibNet:**
.NET class wrapper around VisionLibDLL, making it accessible by all .NET languages.
- **VisionLibPugIn:**
Plugin system for dlls to extend the command interpreter.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

5

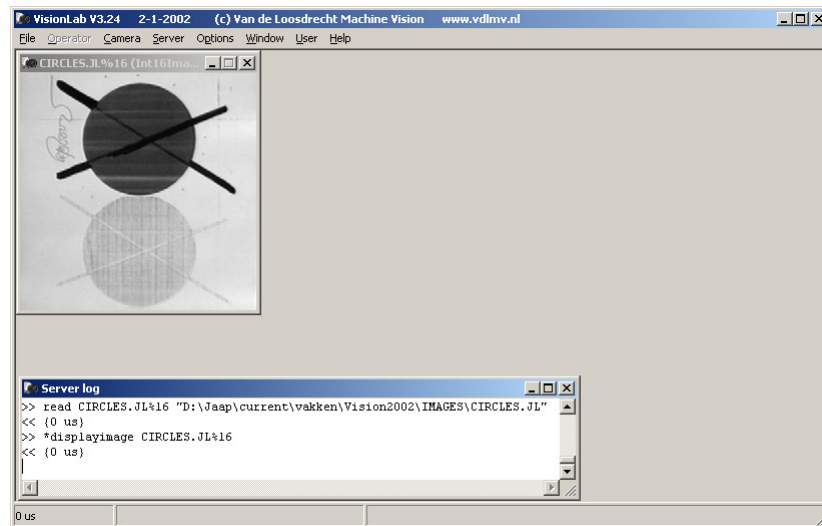
Demonstration VisionLab

- Start-up VisionLab
- Show console server
- Explain Server Log window of client
- Open circles.jl and show server/client communication
- Demonstrate opening of *.bmp image, is automatically converted to RGB888Image, use dark_flower.bmp in images directory
- **NOTE:**
VisionLab does NOT allow for space in names of directories and file names!!
- Source image circles.jl: Lex van de Voort van de Kleij (NHL)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

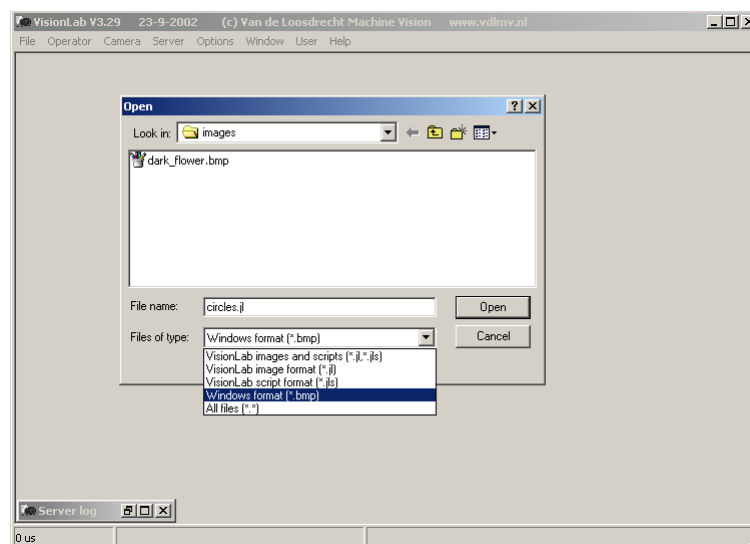
6

Demonstration VisionLab

8/27/2018

VisionLab

7

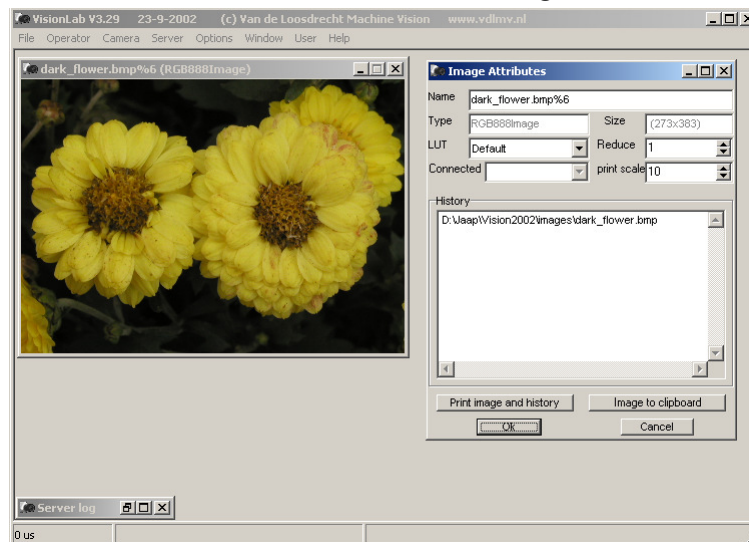
Open *.bmp image

8/27/2018

VisionLab

8

Conversion to RGB888Image



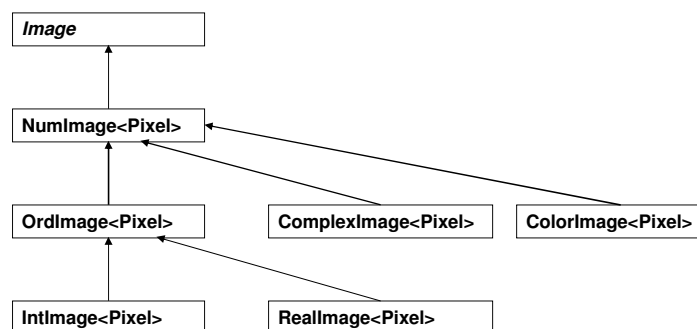
8/27/2018

VisionLab

9

Image types (*)

Class hierarchy using templates:



8/27/2018

VisionLab

10

Image types

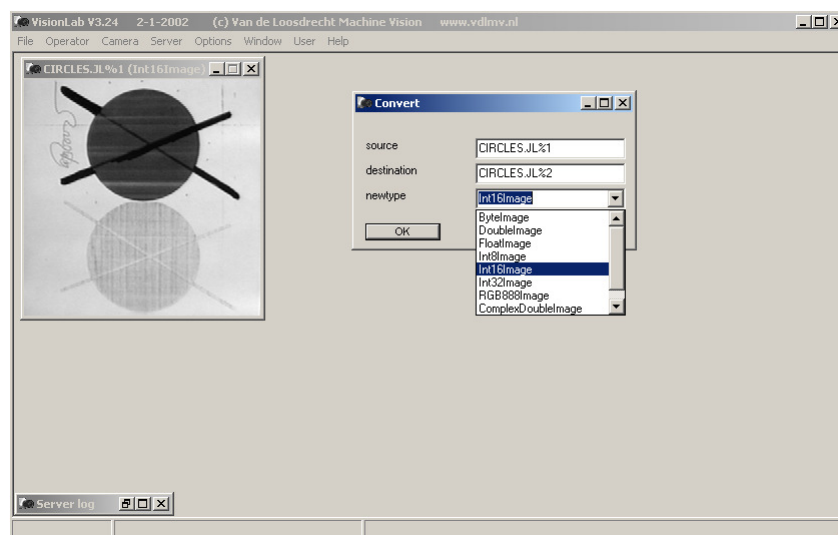
- **Image**
 - **NumImage<Pixel>:**
 - **OrdImage<Pixel>:**
 - **IntImage<Pixel>:**
 - ByteImage
 - Int8Image
 - Int16Image
 - Int32Image
 - **ReallImage<Pixel>:**
 - FloatImage
 - DoubleImage
 - **ColorImage<Pixel>:**
 - RGB888Image, RGB161616Image
 - HSV888Image, HSV161616Image
 - YUV888Image, YUV161616Image
 - **ComplexImage<Pixel>:**
 - ComplexFloatImage
 - ComplexDoubleImage

8/27/2018

VisionLab

11

Conversion between Image Types



8/27/2018

VisionLab

12

Co-ordinate system and Dyadic operators

Co-ordinate system

- Origin: top left corner
- X values increase from left to right
- Y values increase from top to bottom

Dyadic operators:

- Use select second

8/27/2018

VisionLab

13

Demonstration co-ordinate system and DisplayLUTs

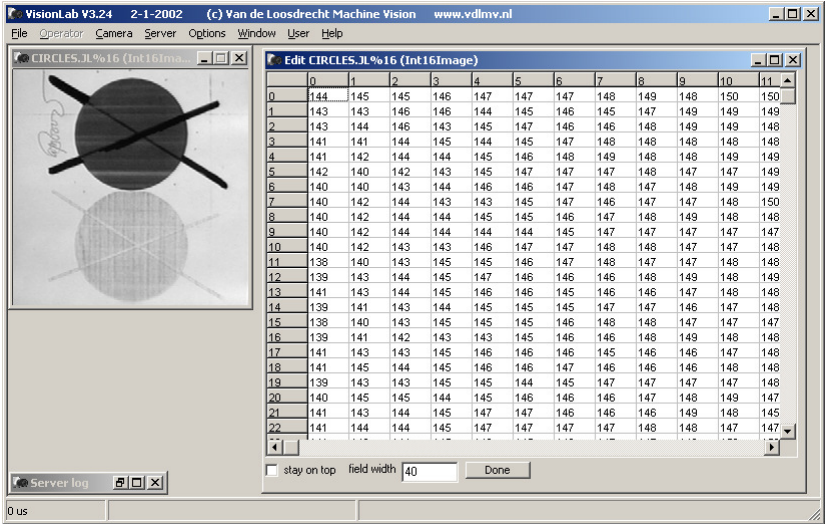
- Show co-ordinate system with Edit
- Demonstrate select second :
 - DisplayLUT for Int16Image = Stretch
 - Copy circles
 - Add the two images
 - No visible difference!
- Show pixel values of both images with Edit
- Explanation in slide about DisplayLUTs

8/27/2018

VisionLab

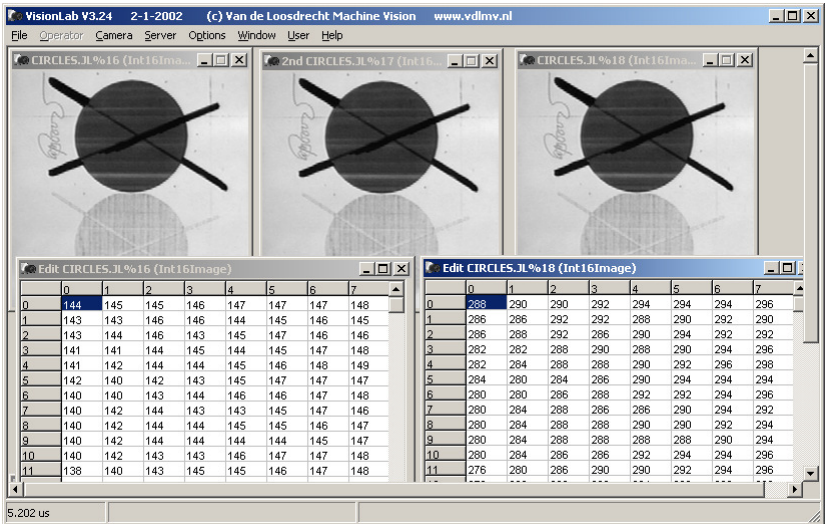
14

Demonstration co-ordinate system



8/27/2018 VisionLab 15

Add images using select 2nd



8/27/2018 VisionLab 16

Displaying of images

Server:

- List of images on which operations act

GUI client:

- Display image with use of LookUp Table (LUT)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

17

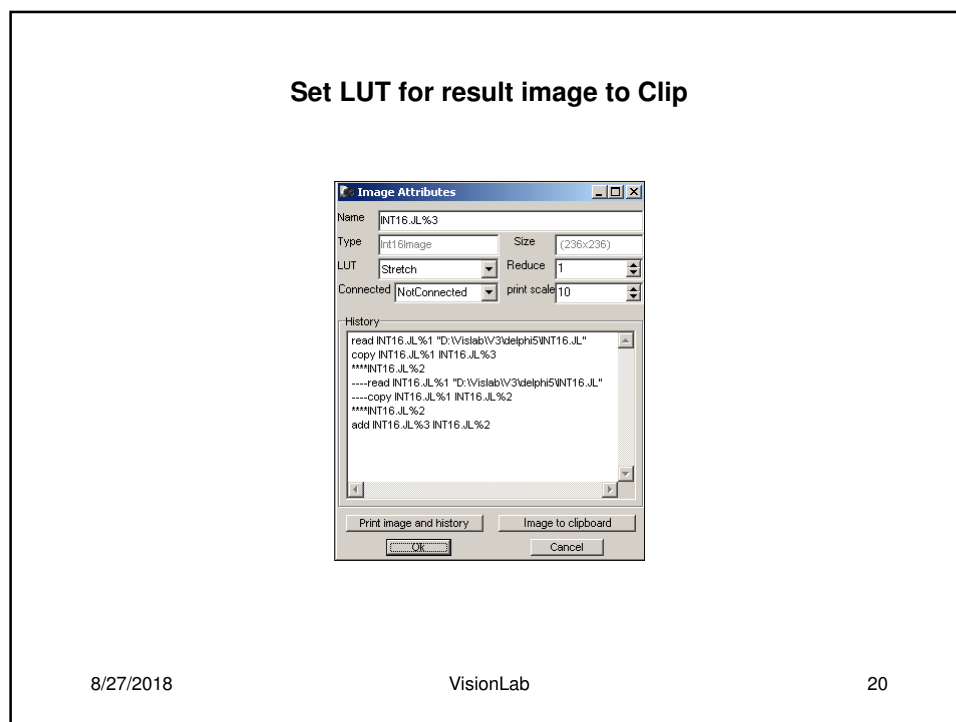
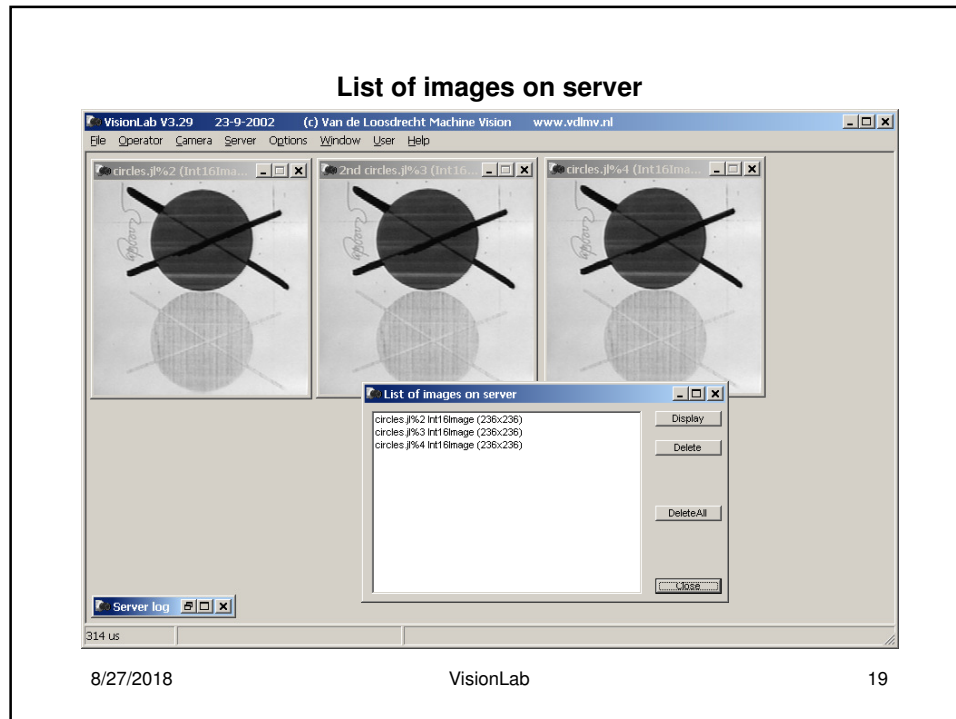
Demonstration of displaying of images

- Show list of images on server
- Client is 'stupid', it knows nothing about vision operators
- Client can only translate commands and display images
- All vision intelligence is in the server
- Demonstrate applying different LUT's on image, see next slide

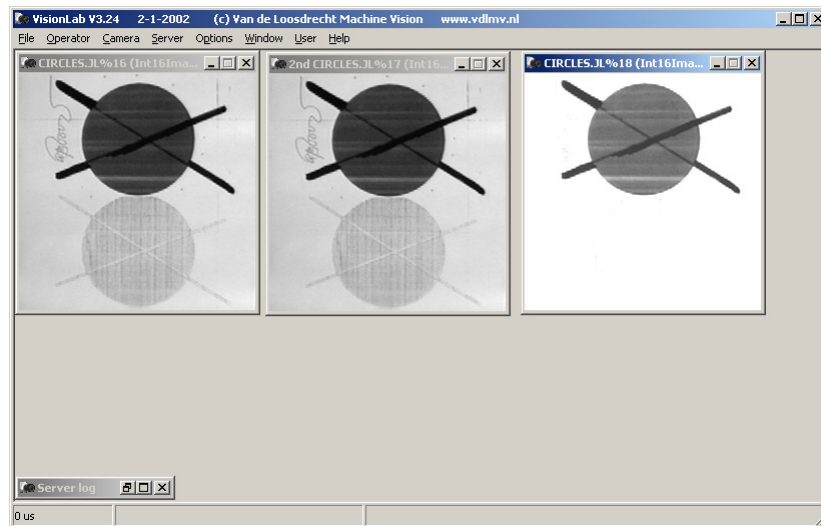
8/27/2018

VisionLab

18



See result of adding the two images



8/27/2018

VisionLab

21

Displaying of images

DisplayLUT's (LUT = LookUpTable):

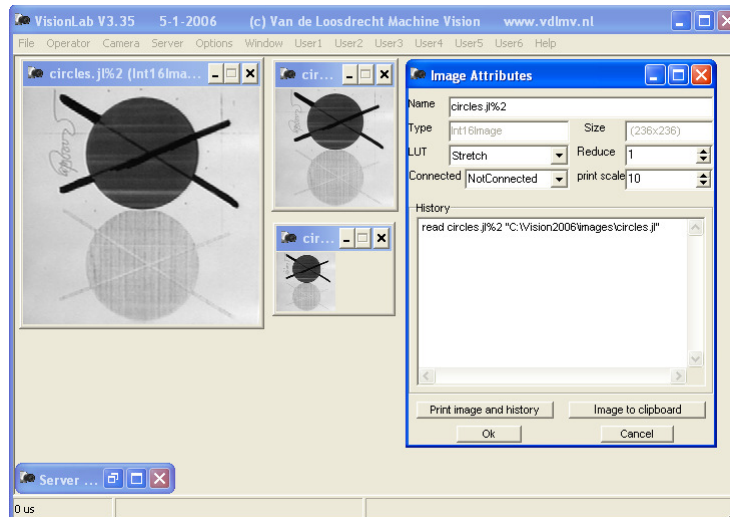
- **IntImage**
 - Stretch
 - Clip
 - Labelled
 - Binary
- **FloatImage**
 - Linear
 - Logarithmic
- **ColorImage**
 - in colour depending on screen settings
- **ComplexImage**
 - power spectrum displayed as FloatImage

8/27/2018

VisionLab

22

Change reduce factor with scroll wheel or + or - button



8/27/2018

VisionLab

23

Camera setup

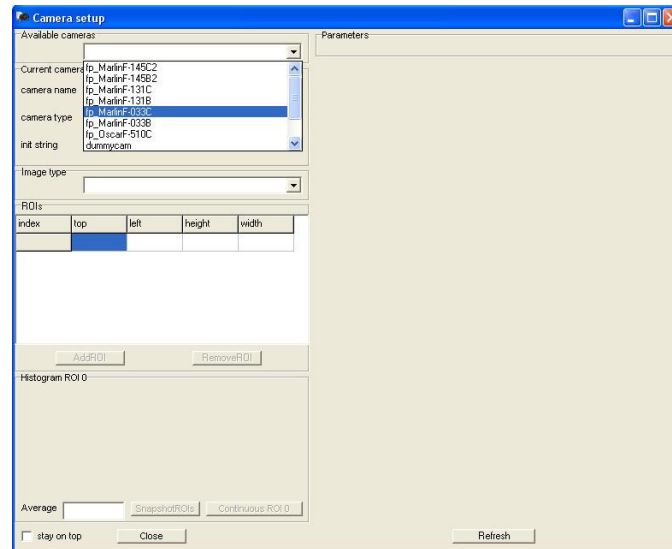
- **Multiple camera's**
- **Multiple windows (ROI's) per camera**
- **Dynamic loading of parameters**
- **Support for:**
 - Fire wire (FirePackage)
 - IDS uEye
 - XIMEA
 - File cam
 - Microsoft Media Foundation Interface web cams
- **Open camera interface,**
easy to add new camera's or frame grabbers
- **Camera recorder**

8/27/2018

VisionLab

24

Select camera

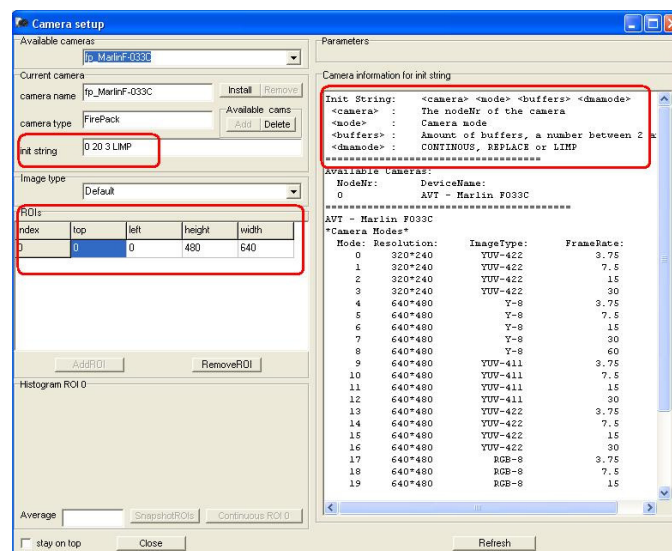


8/27/2018

VisionLab

25

Set init string, select mode



8/27/2018

VisionLab

26

Ready for taking snapshot

8/27/2018 VisionLab 27

Exercise

- Experiment with camera setup

Tethering with DSLR camera's (*)

Using the middleware from digicamcontrol.com (open source)
most Nikon and Canon DSLR's can be tethered from VisionLab

Example:

- Install digicamcontrol
- Use script below to acquire image from DSLR:

```
// Note: set camera in jpeg mode!
$path = lpwd
$slash = "\"
$fileName = snapshot.jpg
$fileName = $path . $slash . $fileName
system "C:\Program Files (x86)\digiCamControl\CameraControlCmd.exe" /filename $fileName /capture
lread i $fileName
display i
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

29

File Drop Camera (*)

Used as a rudimentary interface to cameras who are able to write bmp or jpg images to file with a file name and a sequence number.

The file name consists of a <File base name> + <sequence nr> + . + <File extension>. The sequence nr is padded with leading 0's if <nr of digits> is greater than 0.

After pressing the start button the image with the specified filename is searched for. If the specified file is not found, processing is postponed until the specified file is created.

If the file is found or created:

- the image is opened and displayed
- the image is selected as script image (%current image)
- the script with <Script name> is executed with the specified <Parameters> the function result of the script is assigned to the specified <Result> variable
- <Sequence nr> is incremented
- the search or wait for the next image starts

8/27/2018

VisionLab

30

Demonstration File Drop Camera (*)

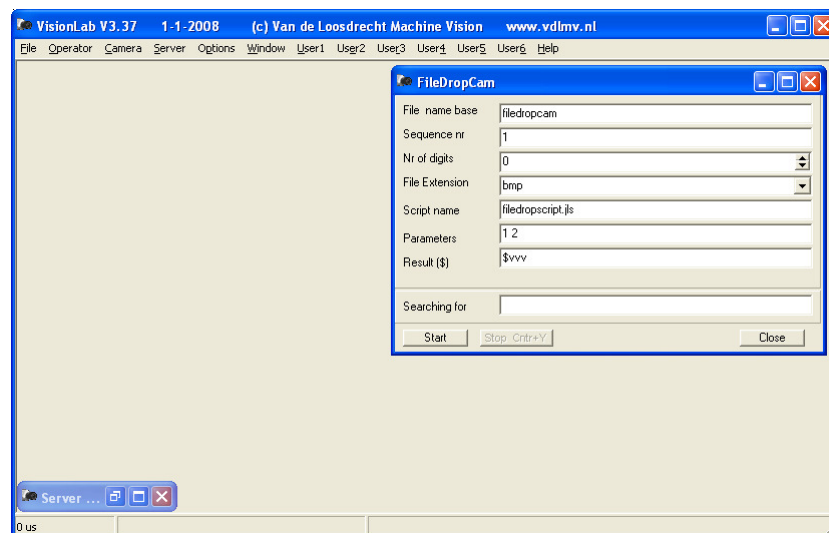
- Move file filedropcam2.bmp from directory to the desktop, leave filedropcam1.bmp in current directory
- Open File Drop Cam form in Camera menu
- Specify the parameters as in the next slide
- Press start button
- File filedropcam1.bmp is in current directory, so the image is opened and selected as %currentimage and script filedropscrip.js is executed
- Because file filedropcam2.bmp is in not in the specified directory, processing is postponed.
- Drop file filedropcam2.bmp back in specified directory, processing continues, image is opened and script is executed

8/27/2018

VisionLab

31

File Drop Cam form in Camera menu (*)

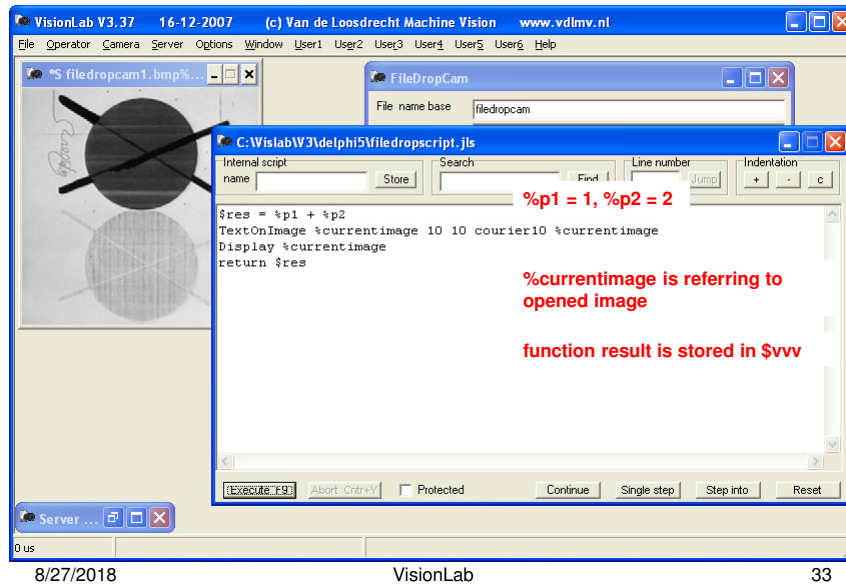


8/27/2018

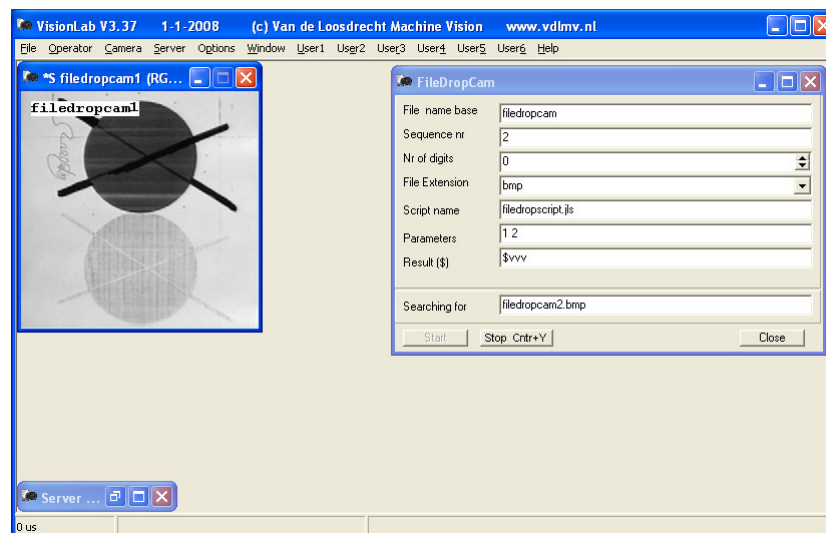
VisionLab

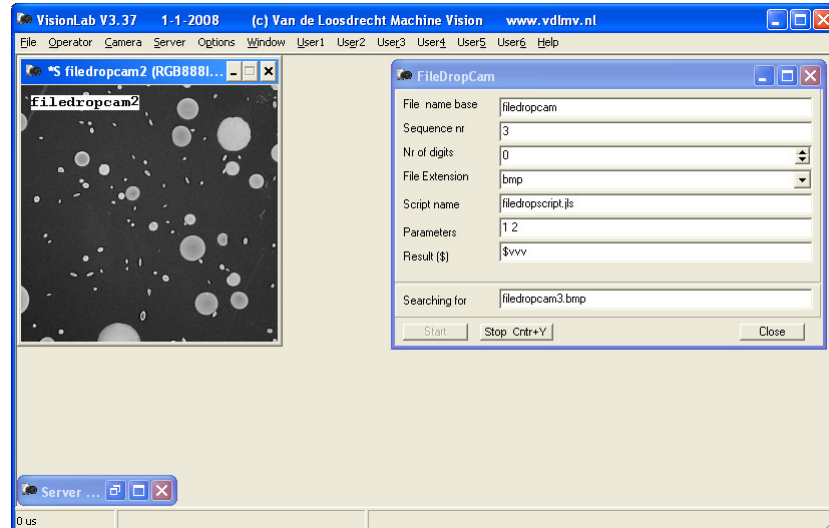
32

Image is opened %currentimage and script is executed (*)



Wait for drop file filedropcam2.bmp back in specified directory (*)



File dropcam2.bmp is processed (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

35

FileCam (*)

FileCam is used to 'snapshot' images from a file from disk.

The init string should be used to specify in which mode the camera is operated. Syntax:

<imageType> > <fileName>

The file is in normal text file with on each line the file name of an jl image. It is advised to use a fully specified file names including the full directory path.

Snapshotting will start from the first image in the file.

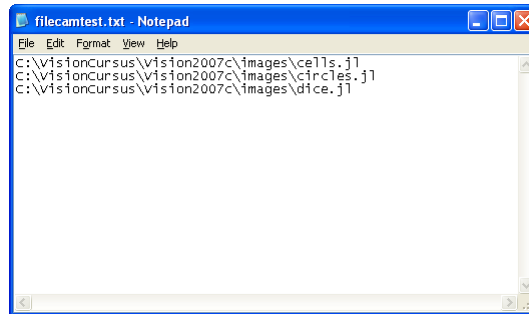
If more snapshots are taken then images specified in the file, snapshotting will start again from the first image

Use the command LastFileCamName to retrieve the fileName of the last snapshot image.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

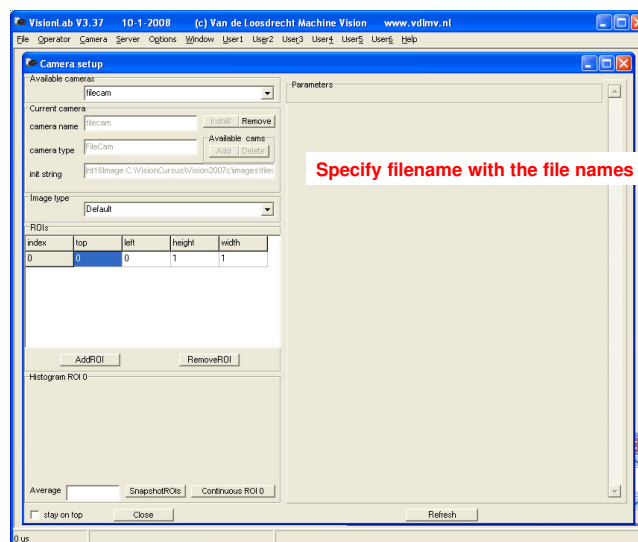
36

Example: using a FileCam (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

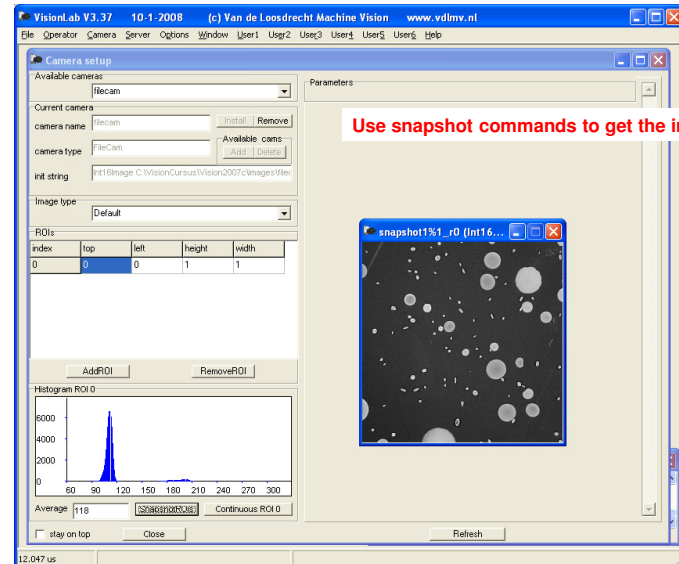
37

Example: using a FileCam (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

38

Example: using a FileCam (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

39

Image Logger (*)

Intended to log images with additional string information

During an experiment images with string information are stored in RAM memory. This will give only a slow delay in execution.

After the experiment is finished, the images and strings can be stored to files for subsequent analysis.

Operators:

- **InitImageLogger**
- **CloselImageLogger**
- **ImageLoggerAdd**
- **ImageLoggerClear**
- **ImageLoggerSaveToFile**
- **ImageLoggerGetNth**

8/27/2018

VisionLab

40

Image Logger (*)

**InitImageLogger imageType loggerType maxNrFrames height
width maxStrSize discard**

The InitImageLogger operator initialise the image logger. RAM memory for maxNrFrames of image of imageType and maxNrFrames of strings of size maxStrSize is reserved.

The loggerType parameter can be LinearImageLogger or CircularImageLogger. When the log of LinearImageLogger is full new added images and strings are ignored. When the log of a CircularImageLogger is full the oldest image and string are deleted and the new image and string are added.

The discard parameter specifies how many ImageLoggerAdd commands are ignored before an image and string are stored in RAM memory.

CloseImageLogger

The CloseImageLogger operator releases all allocated memory.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

41

Image Logger (*)

ImageLoggerAdd imageName loggerMode string

The ImageLoggerAdd operator adds an image and string to the log.

The parameter loggerMode can have the values DiscardNImageLogger or ForceImageLogger.

In DiscardNImageLogger mode discard images are ignored before an image is stored in the log.

In ForceImageLogger mode the image and string is always stored.

ImageLoggerClear

The ImageLoggerClear operator clears all logged images and strings.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

42

Image Logger (*)

ImageLoggerSaveToFile fileNameBase

The ImageLoggerSaveToFile operator save all image to file.

The parameter fileNameBase is used to generate unique file names. The Nth image is saved as fileNameBase_N.jl.

The strings are saved in a file with name fileNameBase.txt. The format of fileNameBase.txt is one line for each image: <fileName> <string>.

ImageLoggerGetNth nth imageName

The ImageLoggerGetNth operator retrieves the nth image in the log and makes a copy into image with imageName.

The function result is the string associated string with the Nth image.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

43

Image Logger example script (*)

```
$path = lpwd
$oldpath = pwd
cd $path
system del test__log*.
InitImageLogger Int16Image CircularImageLogger 10 512 512 100 2
Create image Int16Image 512 512
SetAllPixels image 100
for $i = 1 to 25 do
    TextOnImage image 0 40 courier14 $i
    ImageLoggerAdd image DisgardNImageLogger $i
endfor
ImageLoggerSaveToFile test__log
$r = ImageLoggerGetNth 1 test
Display test
CloseImageLogger
cd $oldpath
= $r
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

44

Online help

Online help is available:

- F1
- Main menu

8/27/2018

VisionLab

45

Demonstration online help

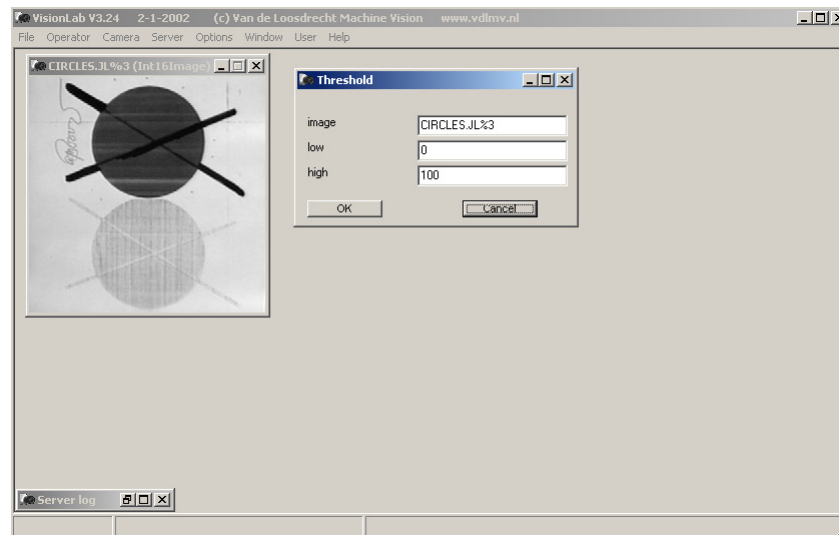
- Search for Threshold operator
 - Open image circles.jl
 - Select threshold operator and press F1 for online help
 - description operator and position in operator menu structure
 - Select help from main menu
 - Select Find in VisionLab help file window and type threshold
 - C++ header file in System Development Kit

8/27/2018

VisionLab

46

Open image and select threshold operator

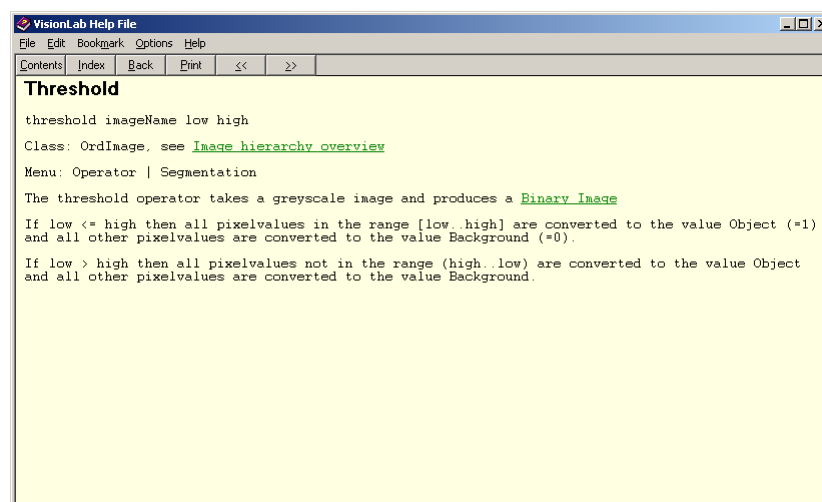


8/27/2018

VisionLab

47

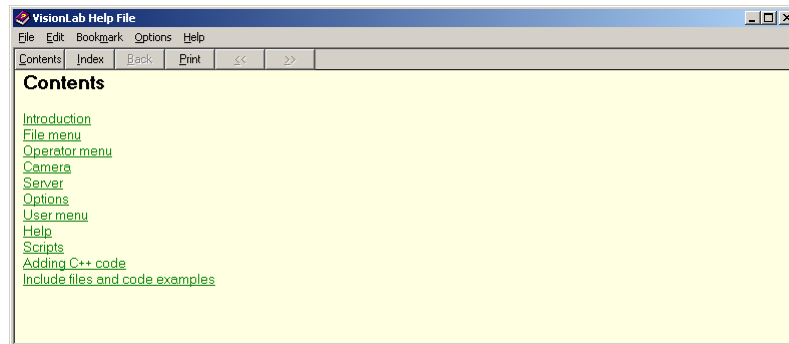
Press F1 for help for Threshold (GUI)



8/27/2018

VisionLab

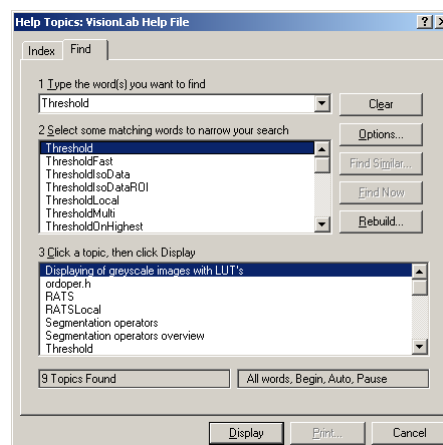
48

Select help from main menu

8/27/2018

VisionLab

49

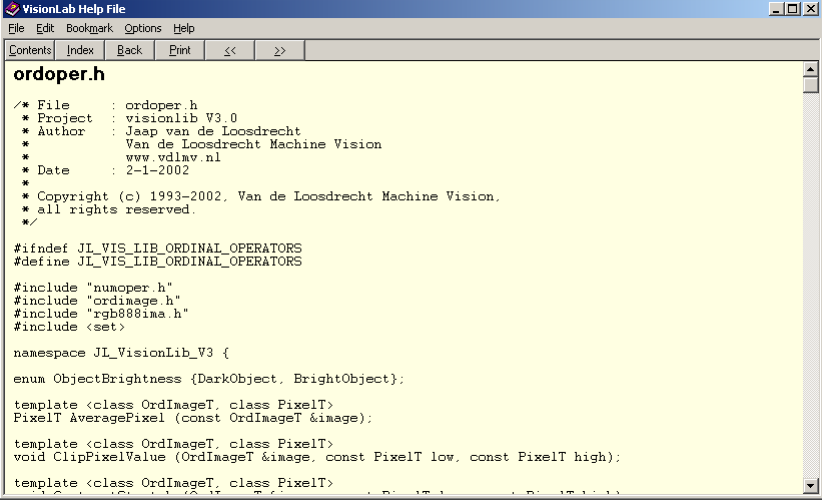
Select Find in VisionLab help file window

8/27/2018

VisionLab

50

Help for Threshold (SDK) (*)



```

ordoper.h

/* File      : ordoper.h
 * Project   : visionlib V3.0
 * Author    : Jaap van de Loosdrecht
 *           : Van de Loosdrecht Machine Vision
 *           : www.vdLMV.nl
 * Date      : 2-1-2002
 *
 * Copyright (c) 1993-2002, Van de Loosdrecht Machine Vision.
 * all rights reserved.
 */

#ifndef JL_VIS_LIB_ORDINAL_OPERATORS
#define JL_VIS_LIB_ORDINAL_OPERATORS

#include "numoper.h"
#include "ordimage.h"
#include "rgb888ima.h"
#include <set>

namespace JL_VisionLib_V3 {

enum ObjectBrightness {DarkObject, BrightObject};

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>
PixelT AveragePixel (const OrdImageT &image);

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>
void ClipPixelValue (OrdImageT &image, const PixelT low, const PixelT high);

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>

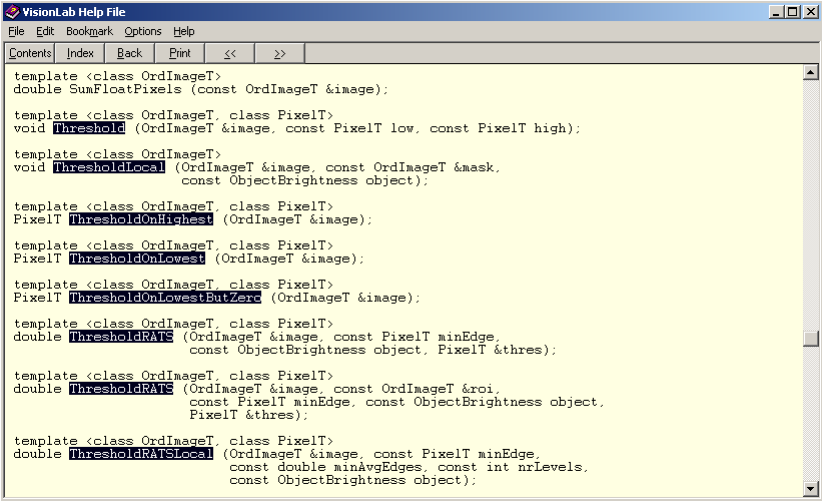
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

51

Help for Threshold (SDK) (*)



```

template <class OrdImageT>
double SumFloatPixels (const OrdImageT &image);

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>
void Threshold (OrdImageT &image, const PixelT low, const PixelT high);

template <class OrdImageT>
void ThresholdLocal (OrdImageT &image, const OrdImageT &mask,
                    const ObjectBrightness object);

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>
PixelT ThresholdOnHighest (OrdImageT &image);

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>
PixelT ThresholdOnLowest (OrdImageT &image);

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>
PixelT ThresholdOnLowestButZero (OrdImageT &image);

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>
double ThresholdRATS (OrdImageT &image, const PixelT minEdge,
                    const ObjectBrightness object, PixelT &thres);

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>
double ThresholdRATS (OrdImageT &image, const OrdImageT &roi,
                    const PixelT minEdge, const ObjectBrightness object,
                    PixelT &thres);

template <class OrdImageT, class PixelT>
double ThresholdRATSLocal (OrdImageT &image, const PixelT minEdge,
                        const double minAvgEdges, const int nrLevels,
                        const ObjectBrightness object);

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

52

Widgets

Several operators need as parameter one or more pixel coordinates. The widget tools will help the user to specify the pixel coordinates in an interactive way.

Before selecting the desired operator, the widget tool must be selected. This tool will display a grid on the image. The grid can be manipulated by dragging and rotating the landmarks. After the grid is positioned at the desired position the operator is called from the menu. The landmarks are then extracted from the grid and displayed the corresponding parameter fields.

Menu: Operator | Widget tools

8/27/2018

VisionLab

53

Widgets

Available widgets tools:

- **LineTool**: start coordinate and end coordinate of a line
- **GridTool**: four corner coordinates of deformable rectangle
- **RasterTool**: middlePoint coordinate, endLine coordinate, endBox coordinate for scanlines
- **CircleTool**: center coordinate of circle and radius of circle
- **PieTool**: center coordinate of pie, start angle, end angle and radius of pie
- **MinMaxCircleTool**: center coordinate of circles, minRadius and maxRadius of circles

8/27/2018

VisionLab

54

Widgets

Operators using widgets:

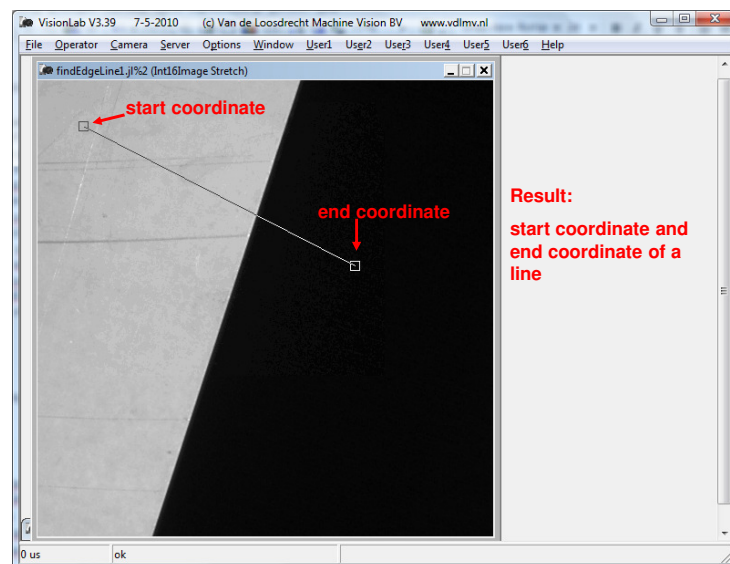
CircleShape	CircleTool
DiskShape	CircleTool
DrawLine	LineTool
FindEdgeCircle	MinMaxCircleTool
FindEdgeLine	RasterTool
FindSubEdge(s)OnLine	LineTool
HoughCircleTransforms	MinMaxCircleTool
HoughLineTransforms	PieTool
PolarStretch	PieTool
ResampleLine	LineTool
Warp	GridTool

8/27/2018

VisionLab

55

Line tool



8/27/2018

VisionLab

56

Demo line tool

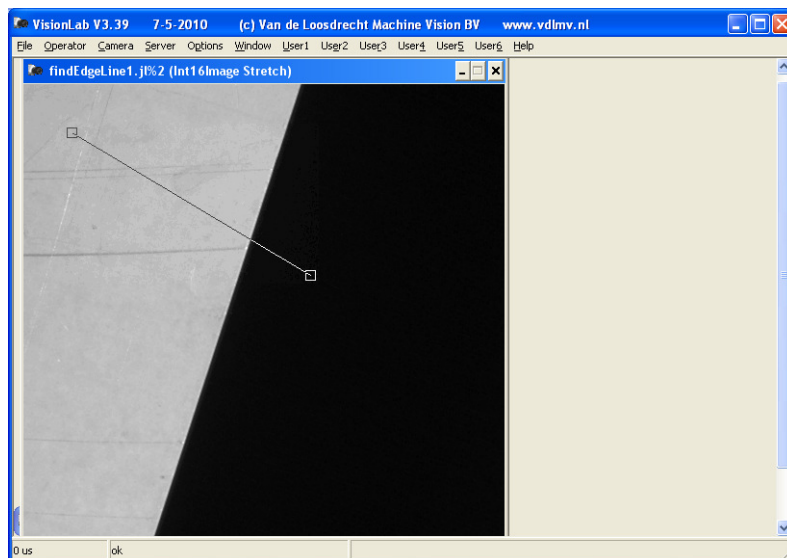
- Open image findEdgeLine1.jl
- Open grid tool from menu Operator | Widget tools | DrawLine
- Drag landmarks to position the line
- DrawLine operator from menu Operator | Syntetic

8/27/2018

VisionLab

57

Drag landmarks to position the line

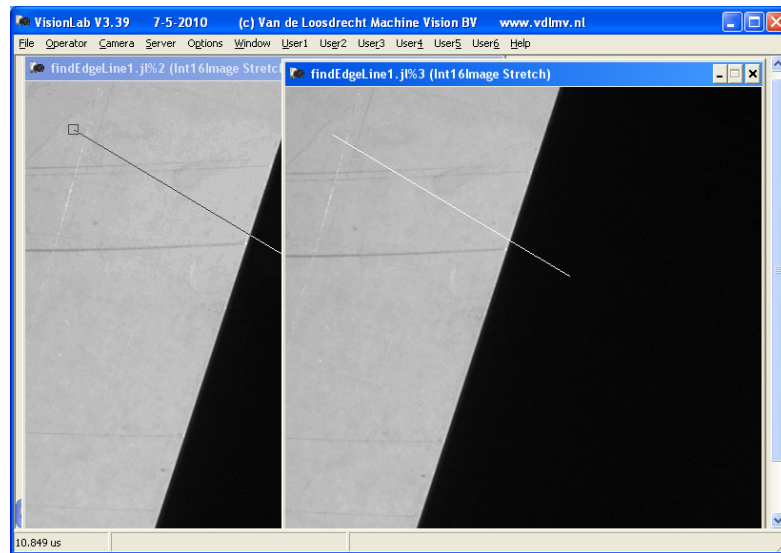


8/27/2018

VisionLab

58

DrawLine operator

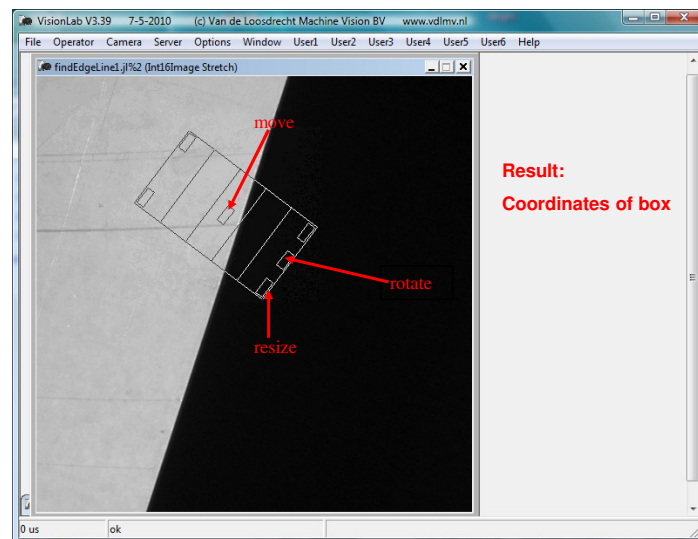


8/27/2018

VisionLab

59

Raster tool



8/27/2018

VisionLab

60

Demo raster grid tool

- Open image findEdgeLine1.jl
- Open grid tool from menu Operator | Widget tools | FindEdgeLine
- Drag landmarks to position
- Select FindEdgeLine operator from menu Operator | EdgeDetection (line distance = 1, outlierDistance = 10, iteration = 10)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

61

Drag landmarks to position



8/27/2018

VisionLab

62

FindEdgeLine operator

8/27/2018

VisionLab

63

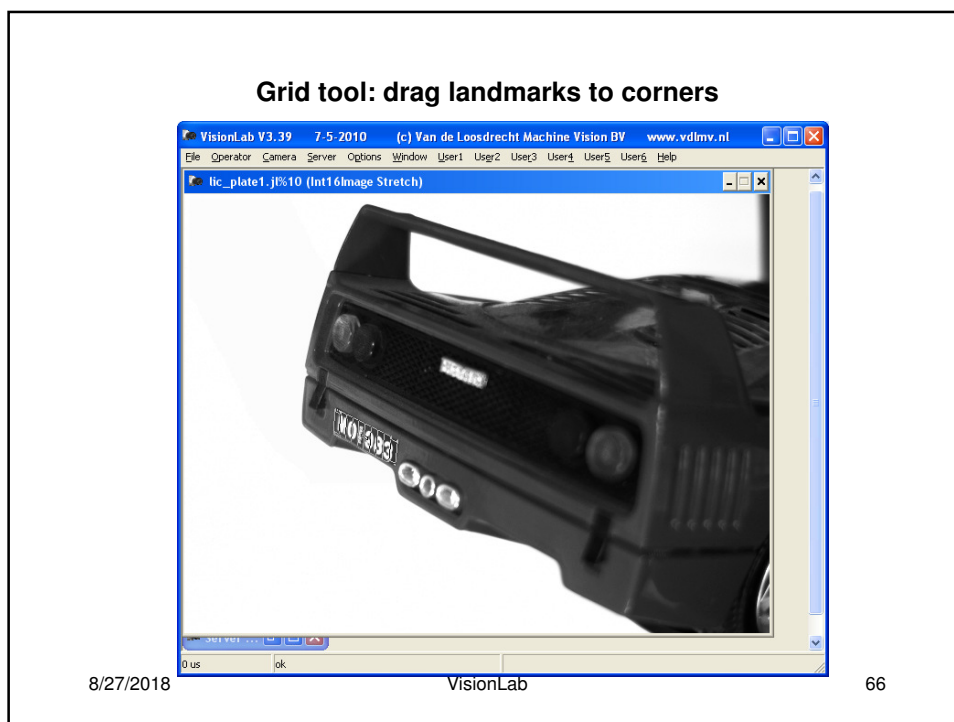
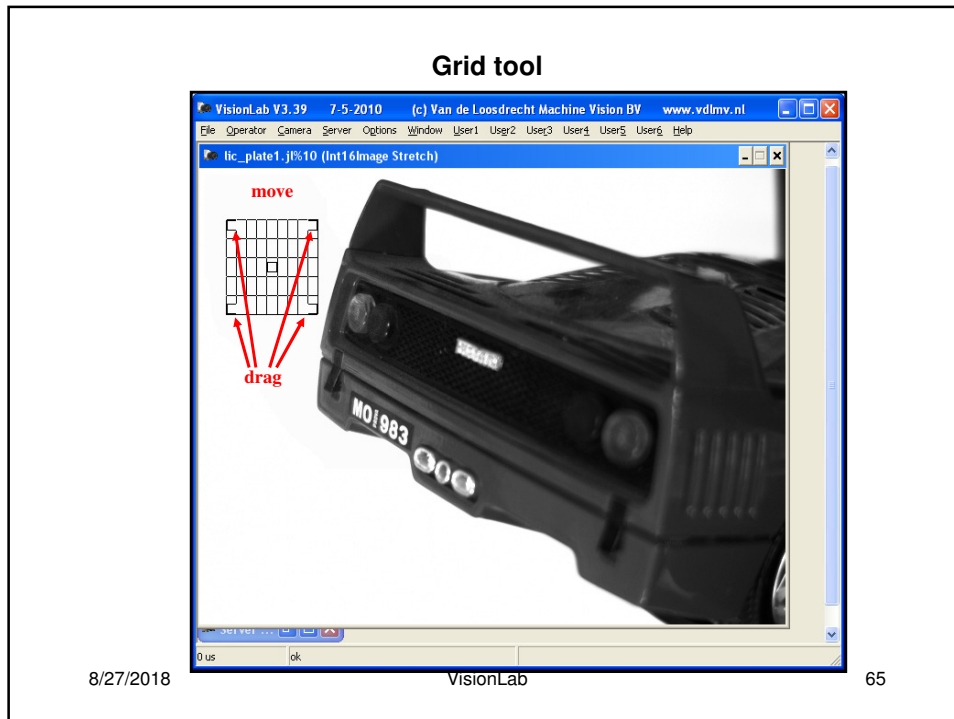
Demo grid tool

- Open image lic_plate1.jl
- Open grid tool from menu Operator | Widget tools | Warp
- Drag landmarks to corners of license plate
- Select Warp operator from menu Operator | Geometry

8/27/2018

VisionLab

64

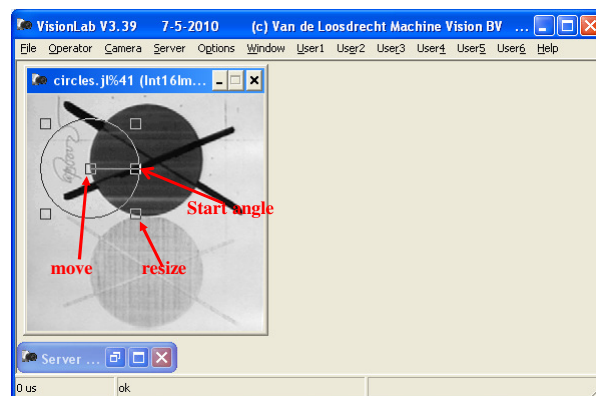


Grid tool: correct for warp

8/27/2018

VisionLab

67

Circle tool

8/27/2018

VisionLab

68

Demo circle tool

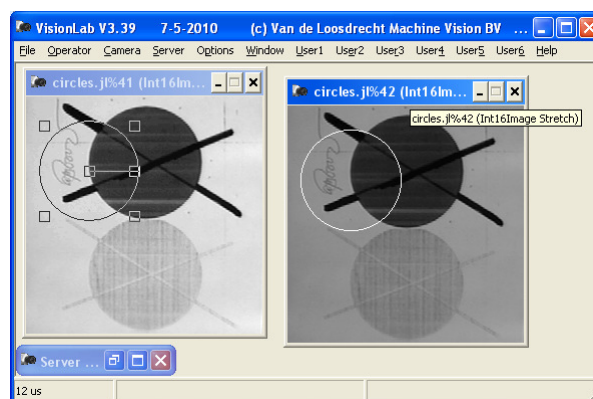
- Open image circles.jl
- Open circle tool from menu Operator | Widget tools | CircleAndDiskShape
- Drag landmarks to desired position
- Select CircleShape operator from menu Operator | Synthetic (value = 255, zeroOrOrg = KeepOriginal)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

69

Circle tool: CircleShape

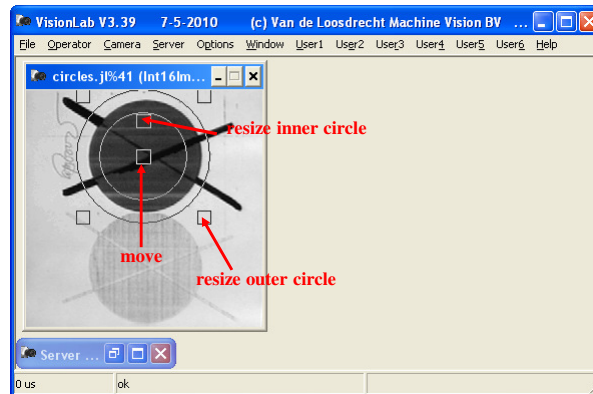


8/27/2018

VisionLab

70

MinMaxCircleTool: two concentric circles



8/27/2018

VisionLab

71

Demo min max circle tool

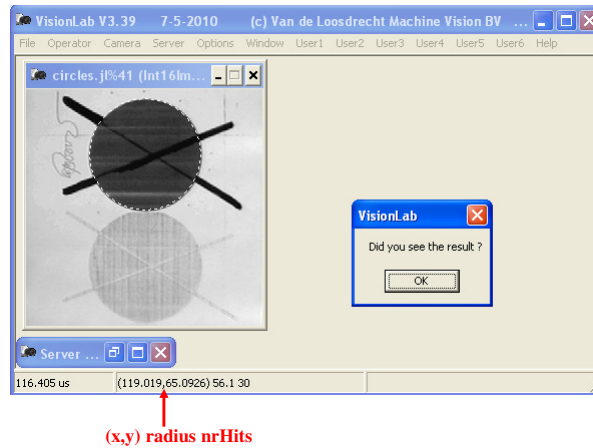
- Open min max circles tool from menu Operator | Widget tools | HoughCircles
- Drag landmarks to desired position
- Select FindFastBestCircle operator from menu Operator | Transforms (minEdge = 500, deltaR = 0.1)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

72

MinMaxCircleTool: FindBestCircle with minR .. maxR

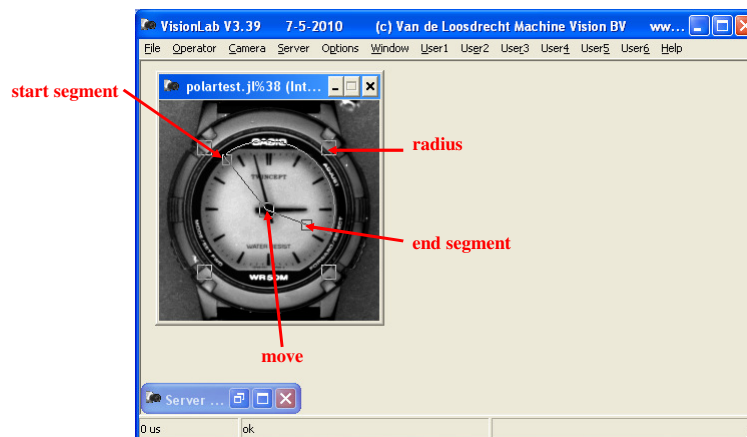


8/27/2018

VisionLab

73

Pie tool: slice of a circle



8/27/2018

VisionLab

74

Demo pie tool

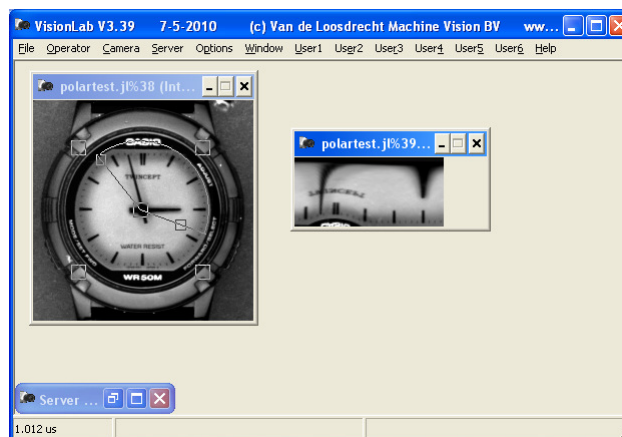
- Open pie tool from menu Operator | Widget tools | PolarStretch
- Drag landmarks to desired position
- Select PolarStretch operator from menu Operator | Transforms (minEdge = 500, deltaR = 0.1)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

75

Operator PolarStretch



8/27/2018

VisionLab

76

Script language

Scripts can contain different kind of commands:

- image operators
- variables and expressions (*)
- control statements (*)
- internal commands (*)
- Speeding up scripts (*)
- special server commands (*)
- pre-processor commands (*)

Calling scripts (procedure/function call): (*)

Scripts can be added as new operators to GUI (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

77

Demonstration script image operators

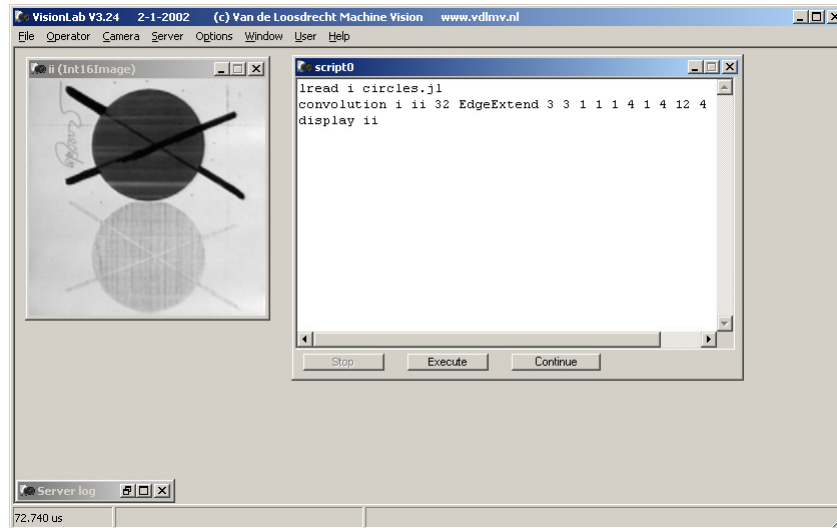
- Create new script, add the lines by selecting the operators from the menus (not necessary to type them):
 - Iread i circles.jl
 - display i
- Execute script
- Insert with mouse threshold command, and adapt 'imageName', explain why
- Execute script
- Demonstrate convolution instead of threshold:
 - convolution i ii gaussian3x3
 - display ii
- Change to SobelINS by doubleclick on convolution line in script

8/27/2018

VisionLab

78

Example script

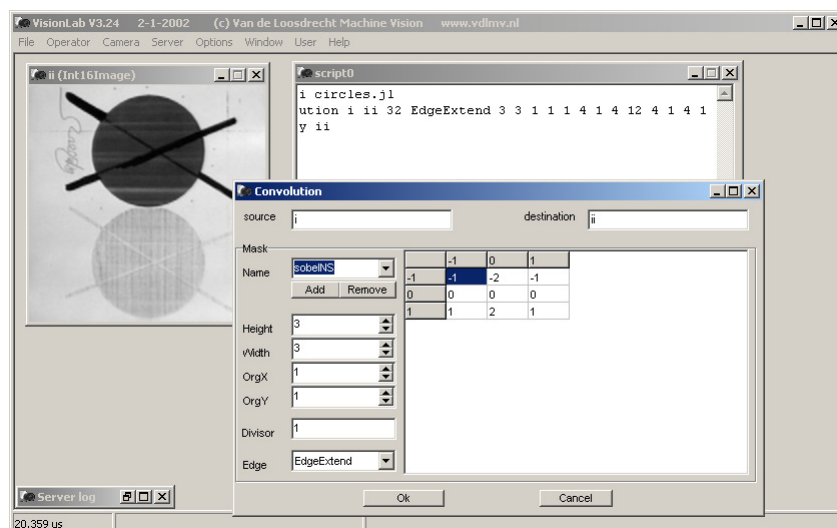


8/27/2018

VisionLab

79

Double click on line with convolution and ...

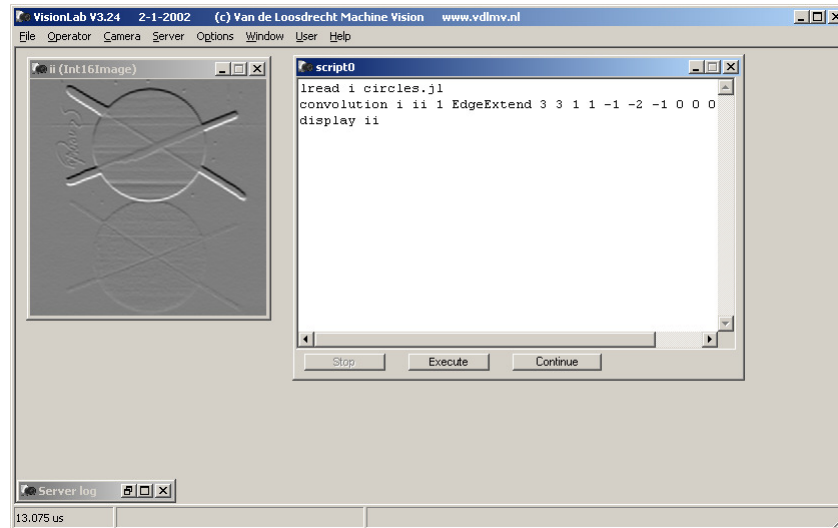


8/27/2018

VisionLab

80

... select mask Sobel NS



8/27/2018

VisionLab

81

Demonstration script variables and control statements

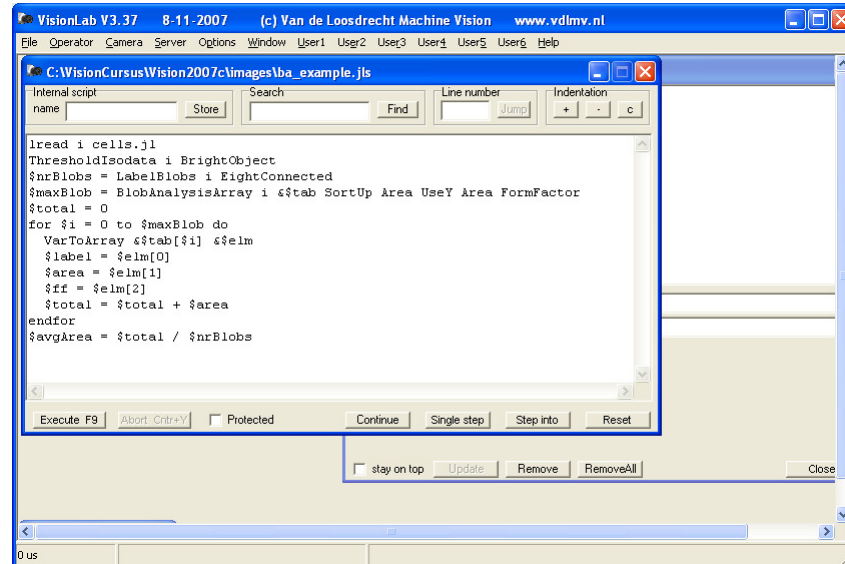
- This script calculates the average area of the selected blobs
- Open scripts ba_example.jls
- Open variable screen (Server menu | Examine variables)
- Single step through script
- Notes:
 - result is returned to an array with name tab
 - Click on array name in top window of variable screen to examine details of array
 - each element of the array contains a line with: <labelnr> followed with the specified measurements
 - Each line is extracted from the array tab to an array elm
 - The element with index 0 of array elm is the labelnr
 - The element with index 1 of array elm is the area
 - The element with index 2 of array elm is the formfactor

8/27/2018

VisionLab

82

Demonstration script variables and control statements

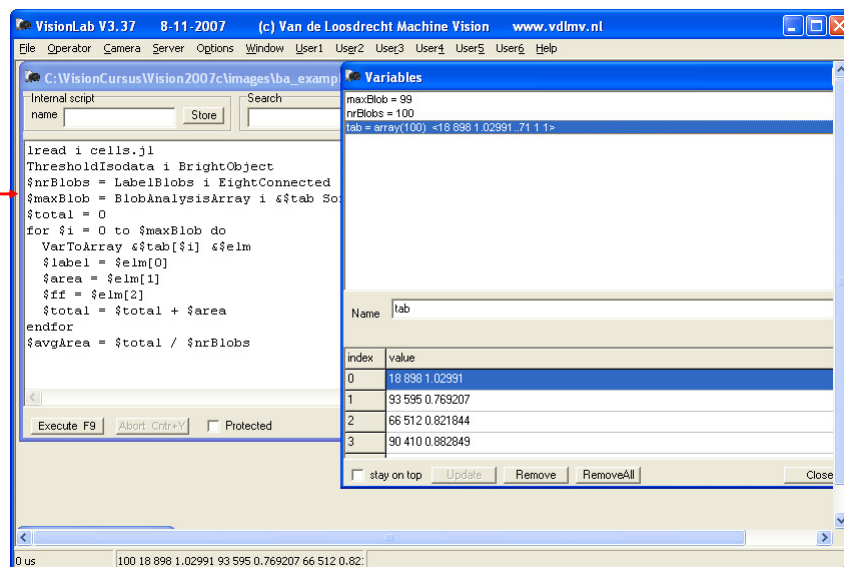


8/27/2018

VisionLab

83

Demonstration script variables and control statements

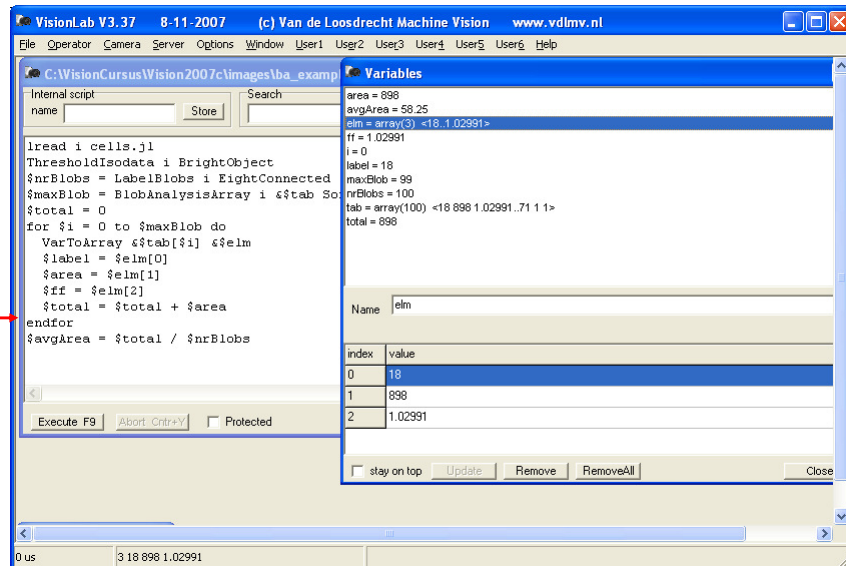


8/27/2018

VisionLab

84

Demonstration script variables and control statements

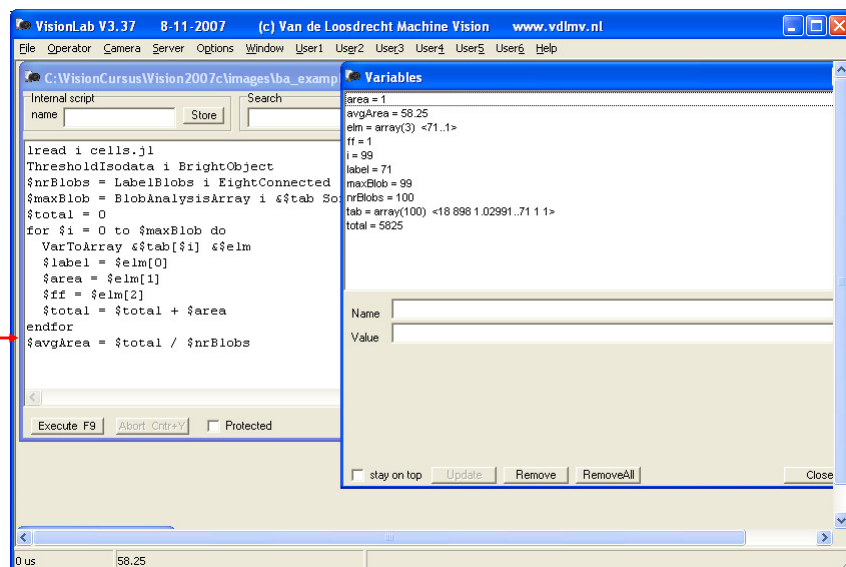


8/27/2018

VisionLab

85

Demonstration script variables and control statements



8/27/2018

VisionLab

86

Exercise

- Experiment with scripts

8/27/2018

VisionLab

87

Script variables (*)

Variables are of type string. When necessary a conversion is applied to type integer, float or boolean.

There are two type of variables:

- **global:** Scope is all scripts and outside the scripts. Lifetime is from creation to the moment it is removed explicitly by the user. The name of a global variable starts with one \$ sign, example: \$global
- **local:** scope and lifetime is the script in which the variable is created. The name of a local variable starts with two \$ signs, example: \$\$local

The value of the variables can be examined and modified with the 'Examine vars' item in the server menu.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

88

Demonstration script variables (*)

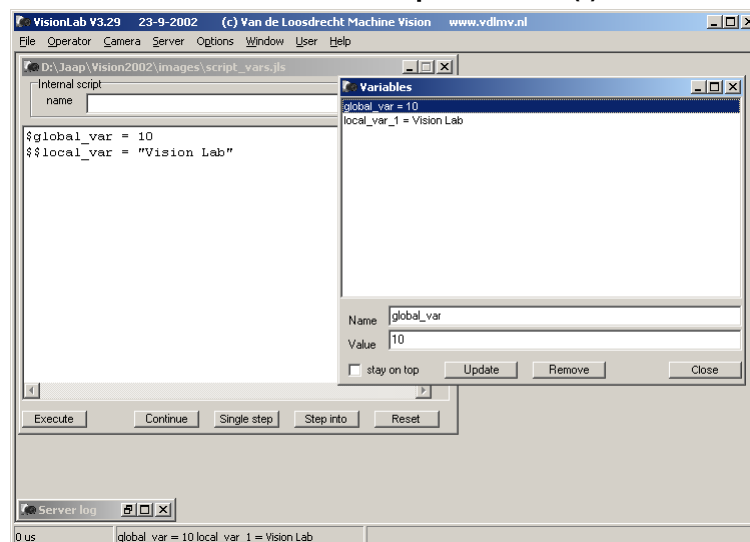
- open script `script_vars.js`
- execute script
- open window 'Examine vars' in the server menu
- explain: Main menu | Options | Synchronize scripts

8/27/2018

VisionLab

89

Demonstration script variables (*)



8/27/2018

VisionLab

90

Array's of variables (*)

Array's of variable are also possible using [and] for indexing

First index = 0

Indexes must be either constants, variables or indexed arrays

Expressions as index are not allowed

\$array is a short notation for \$array[0]

Example: \$array[\$i] = \$array[\$stab[0]]

8/27/2018

VisionLab

91

Array's of variables (*)

Operators for manipulation of array's:

- ArrayToVar &\$array &\$var, convert array to var
- CopyVar &\$src &\$dest, copy array from src to dest
- ForEach &\$array scriptCommand, for each element in array scriptCommand is executed. Before executing scriptCommand, occurrences of '#n' in scriptCommand are substituted by nth word in element of array
- GetDimVar &\$array, result is dimension of array
- SetDimVar &\$array dimension
- VarToArray &\$var &\$array, convert var to array, each word in var is new element in array
- ArrayToFile <fileName> &\$array
- ArrayFromFile <fileName> &\$array
- LArrayToFile <fileName> &\$array
- LArrayFromFile <fileName> &\$array

8/27/2018

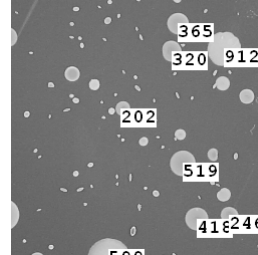
VisionLab

92

Example ForEach

The following script will display the size of the blobs, greater than 200 pixels, using TextOnImageCoord2D:

```
// script foreach.jls
lRead org cells.jl
Copy org label
ThresholdIsodata label BrightObject
RemoveBlobs label EightConnected Area 0 200 UseX
LabelBlobs label EightConnected
BlobAnalysisArray label &$tab SortUp Area UseY Area CentreOfGravity
ForEach &$tab TextOnImageCoord2D org #3 courier12 #2
display org
```



8/27/2018

VisionLab

93

Script expressions (*)

Simple forms of expressions are possible:

- `<var> = <var>`
- `<var> = <constant>`
- `<var> = <var> <operator> <var>`
- `<var> = <var> <operator> <constant>`

Note there is not yet support for brackets () in expressions.

The following operators are supported: + - * / div mod and or ! ==
!= < <= > >= .

8/27/2018

VisionLab

94

Script expressions (*)

Arithmetic and Boolean expressions are possible, use brackets () for priorities in Boolean expressions.

Note: all operators and must separated by spaces.

Examples:

\$r = (\$x + \$v) * 4

\$b = ! (\$b1 and (bt[\$i] or \$b2))

It is not possible to call a function in expressions.

Prohibit evaluation by using “”, example:

\$cg = “(10,15)”

8/27/2018

VisionLab

95

Demonstration script expressions (*)

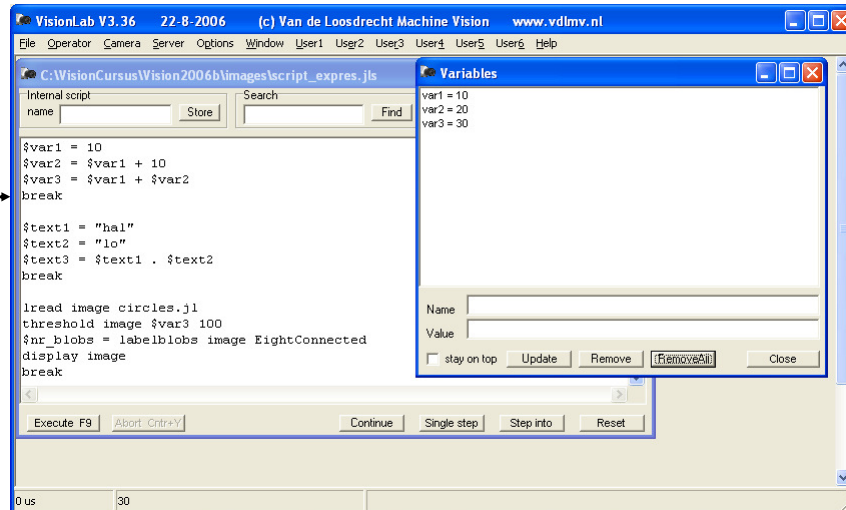
- open script script_expres.jls
- execute script
- open window 'Examine vars' in the server menu
- click continue script
- click continue script
- explain break(points), reset and single stepping scripts

8/27/2018

VisionLab

96

Demonstration script expressions (*)

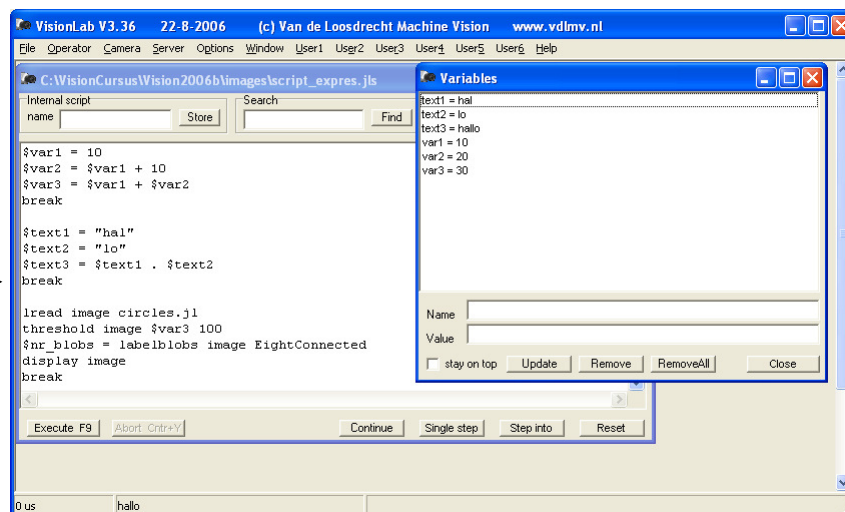


8/27/2018

VisionLab

97

Demonstration script expressions (*)

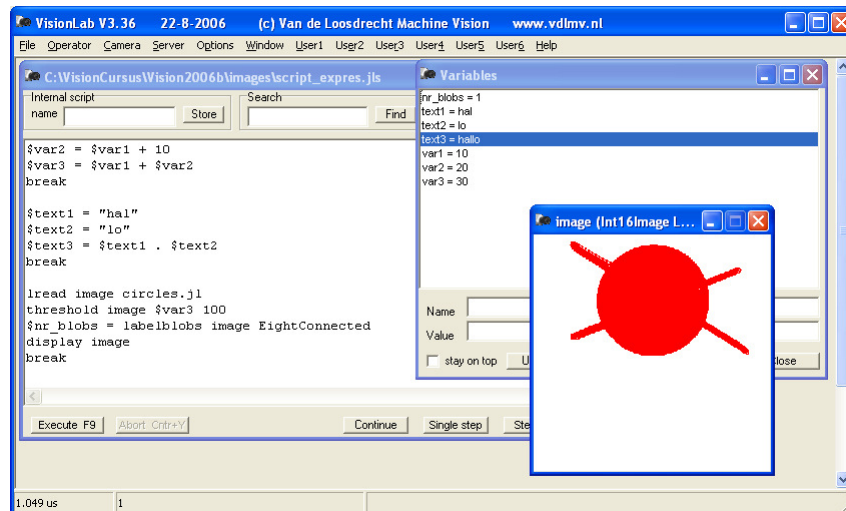


8/27/2018

VisionLab

98

Demonstration script expressions (*)



8/27/2018

VisionLab

99

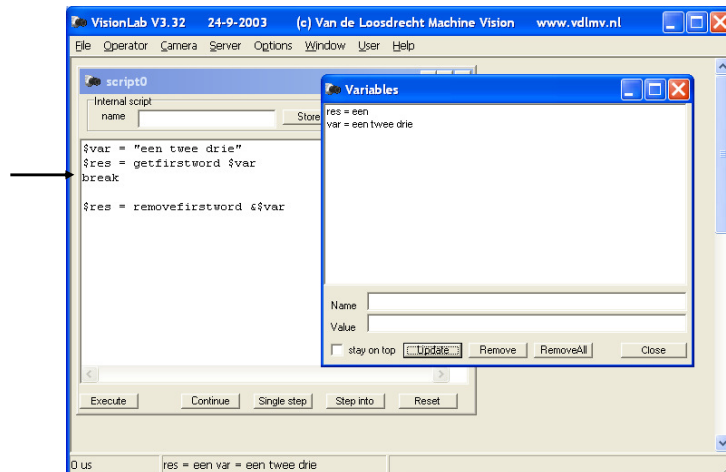
Operators on variables (*)

- **Operators:**
 - for string manipulation
 - math operators for number manipulation
- **Parameter types:**
 - by value, <var>
 - by reference, <&var>
- **Examples**
 - by value: \$res = getfirstword \$var
 - by reference: \$res = removefirstword &\$var

8/27/2018

VisionLab

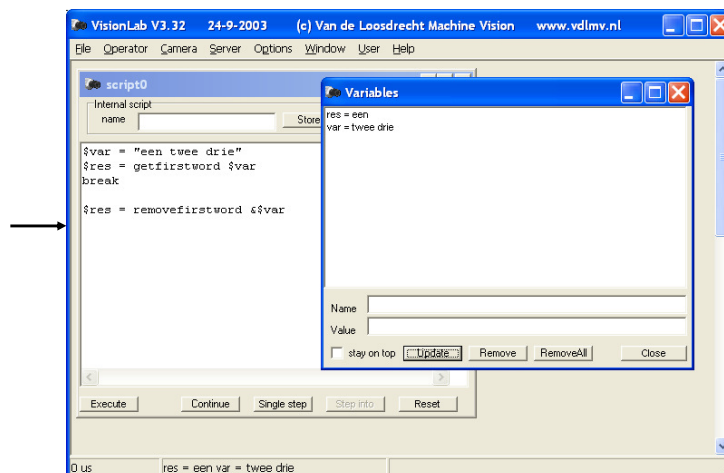
100

Parameter by value (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

101

Parameter by reference (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

102

Operators for string manipulation (*)

A variable can be initialized with a string using double quotes.

Example: `$s = "here are spaces allowed"`

`.` is dyadic operator used for string concatenation.

Note this operator is used for concatenation of chars in a word.
If used as `$v . $w`, both `$v` and `$w` must be non empty variables with one word as value.

Use for concatenation of words the string operator `Concat`.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

103

Operators for string manipulation (*)

A variable can be initialised with a string using double quotes.

Example: `$s = "here are spaces allowed"`

- `getfirstword <var>`
- `getfirstnwords <n> <var>`
- `getnthword <n> <var>`
- `getnthfromvector <n> <var>`
- `getsizeofvector <var>`
- `vector <i1> <i2> <i3>`
- `listallvars`
- `removefirstword <&var>`
- `removefirstnwords <n> <&var>`
- `removeuntilword <word> <&var>`
- `strip <&var>`

8/27/2018

VisionLab

104

Operators for special string manipulation (*)

- **getvar** <&var>
- **isequalvar** <&var1> <&var2>
- **removevar** <&var>
- **removeallvars**
- **setvar** <&var> <value>
- **isvar** <varname without \$>
- **testequalvar** <&var1> <&var2>
- **concat** <sequence of <var> and text>
- **substr** <&var> <offset> <count>
- **length** <&var>
- **find** <&str> <key> <offset>, find substring in string
- **findfirstof** <&str> <key> <offset>, find character in string
- **findlastof** <&str> <key> <offset>, find character in string

For more details of operators, see online help

8/27/2018

VisionLab

105

Math operators for vars (*)

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| • asin <x> | • log <x> |
| • acos <x> | • log10 <x> |
| • atan <x> | • mod <x> <y> |
| • atan2 <y> <x> | • polarlinesintersection
<pc1> <pc2> |
| • ceil <x> | • pow <x> <y> |
| • cos <x> | • random <low> <high> |
| • cosh <x> | • randomint <low><high> |
| • exp <x> | • sgn <x> |
| • fabs <x> | • sin <x> |
| • floattoint <x> | • sinh <x> |
| • floor <x> | • sqrt <x> |
| • fmod <x> <y> | • tan <x> |
| • initrandomgen <x> | • tanh <x> |

8/27/2018

VisionLab

106

Script control statements (*)

Nesting to arbitrary depth is possible

```
if <condition> then
  <statement block>
else
  <statement block>
endif
```

```
while <condition> do
  <statement block>
endwhile
```

```
for<var> = <expression> (<to>|<downto>) <expression> do
  <statement block>
endfor
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

107

Script control statements (*)

```
switch <expression>
case <tag>
  <statement block>
case <tag>
  <statement block>
default
  <statement block>
endswitch
```

```
label <labelName>
goto <labelName>
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

108

Script control statements (*)

return <expression> // function return

notes about string result conventions in VisionLab:

- in case of errors string starts with "[<name of command>]",
so '[' and ']' can NOT be used in normal string results
- "{xxx us}" is append for timing information,
so '{' and '}' can NOT be used in normal string results

8/27/2018

VisionLab

109

Demonstration script control statements (*)

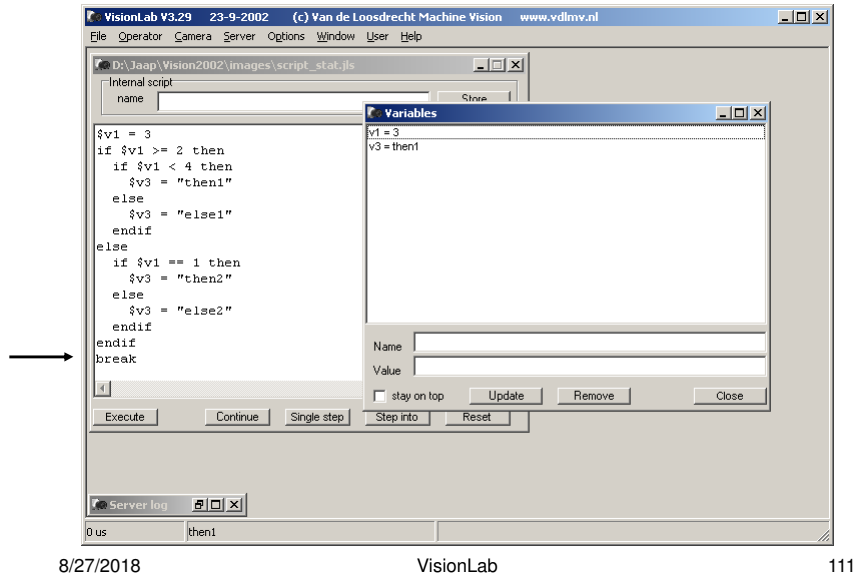
- open script script_stat.jls
- execute script
- open window 'Examine vars' in the server menu
- click continue script
- click continue script

8/27/2018

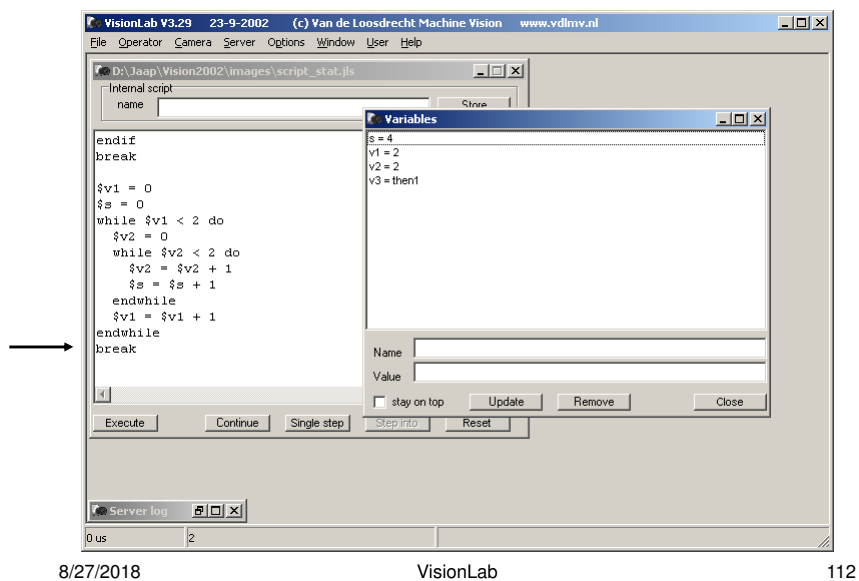
VisionLab

110

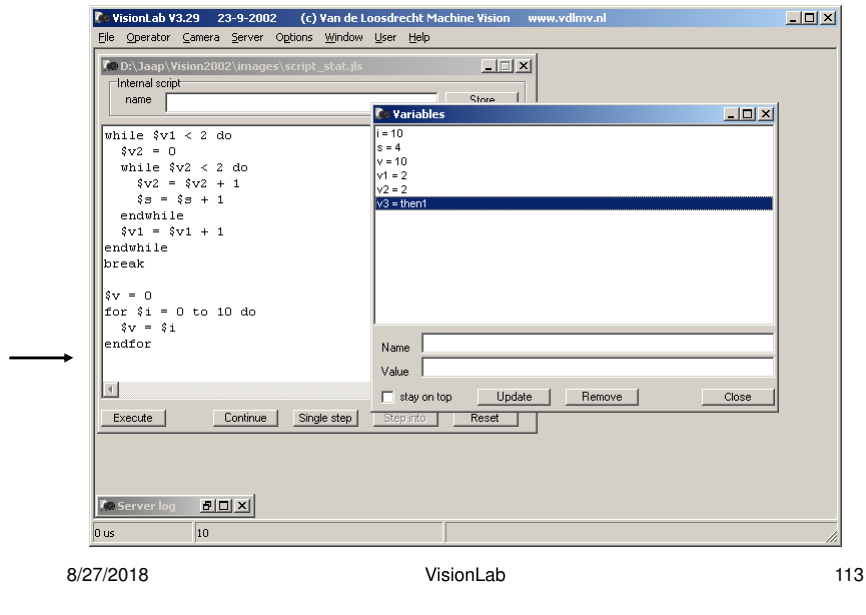
Demonstration script control statements (*)



Demonstration script control statements (*)



Demonstration script control statements (*)



Internal commands (*)

Internal commands are special local commands for which there is not a (direct) server command.

Examples :

- **lcwd <path>**: change working directory of client to path
- **lpwd**: return working directory of client.
- **lread <imagename> <filename>**: The file with <filename> is read on the client and added to the server as image with <imagename>
- **lwrite <imagename> <filename>**: The image with <imagename> is written on the client as file with <filename>
- **display <name>**: The image with <name> is displayed
- **GUIForm**: create dialog box from script
- see also on-line help for more examples

Demonstration GUIForm: create dialog box from script (*)

GUIForm <caption> {<spinedit> | <editbox>}

Displays a dynamic form from a script in order to query the user with inputs, result is a string with the answers.

- spinedit: <prompt> <default> <low> <high>

A spinedit field is added to the form with a prompt and a default value. Low and high specify the extreme possible values.

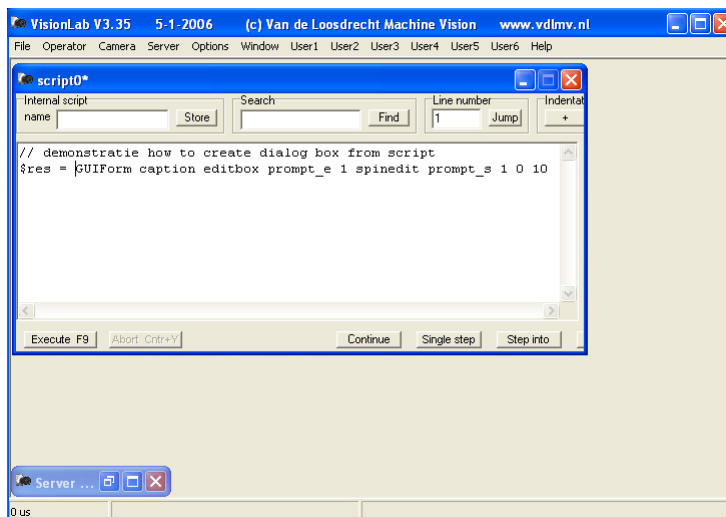
- editbox: <prompt> <default>

An editfield is added to the form with a prompt and a default value.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

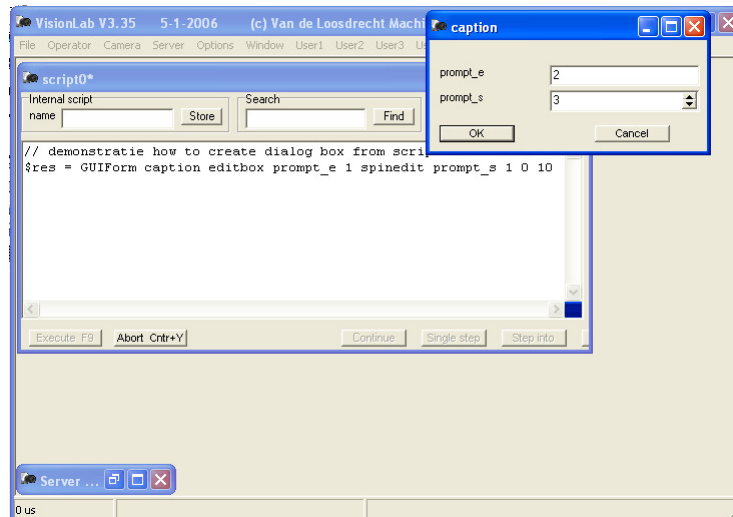
115

Demonstration GUIForm: create dialog box from script (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

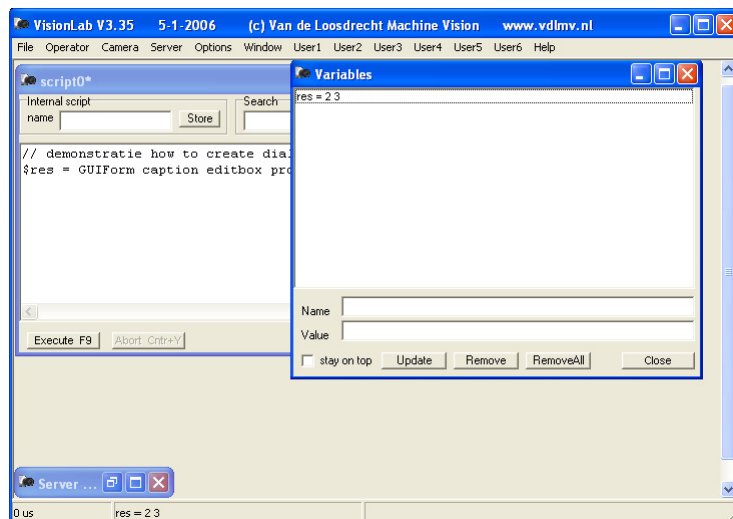
116

Demonstration GUIForm: execute script (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

117

Demonstration GUIForm: examine result variable (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

118

Special server commands (*)

Examples :

- **cwd <path>**: change working directory of server to path
- **pwd**: return working directory of server
- **read <imagename> <filename>**: The file with <filename> is read on the server and added to the server as image with <imagename>
- **write <imagename> <filename>**: The image with <imagename> is written on the server as file with <filename>
- **Date and time command**, see next slide
- **see also on-line help for more examples**

8/27/2018

VisionLab

119

Date and time commands (*)

- **Time**: returns <day> <month> <dayInMonth> <hh:mm:ss> <year>
- **Delay <secs>**: delay operations for secs seconds time.
- **MicroDelay <us>**: delay operations for us micro-seconds time.
- **MilliDelay <ms>**: delay operations for ms milli-seconds time.
- **ResetTimeStamp**: reset time stamp counter to zero
- **MicroTimeStamp**: return a time stamp in micro seconds, note: maximum time for overflow after reset is 35 minutes.
- **MilliTimeStamp**: return a time stamp in mille seconds, note: maximum time for overflow after reset is 583 hours.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

120

Pre-processor commands (*)

A command is pre-processed before it is executed. The following pre-processor commands are only available in the client:

- **%currentimage**: this command is replaced with the name of the current selected image or the name of the image selected as script image
- **%secondimage**: this command is replaced with the name of the image selected as second image
- **%thirdimage**: this command is replaced with the name of the image selected as third image
- **%startupdir**: directory name from which the client has been launched

8/27/2018

VisionLab

121

Script procedure calls (*)

There are three different kind of scripts:

- **local scripts**: script is executed in the client or called with the **lcall** command from a script executed in the client
- **remote file scripts**: script is executed in the server. Script is started with a **call** <remote fileName> <params> command
- **internal script**: script is executed in the server. Before being started with a **icall** <internal scriptName> <params> command the script has to be stored in the server

With the command **IsServerScript** can be tested whether a script is running on the client side or server side.

Function result is true or false.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

122

Script procedure calls (*)

The formal parameters have the form %pn, where n starts at 1
The first parameter is %p1, the next %p2 etc
Arrays can be passed as actual parameters using &\$arrayName.

A script can return a function result with the return command
return <function result>

Local scripts can be aborted with <control y>

8/27/2018

VisionLab

123

Demonstration script procedure calls (*)

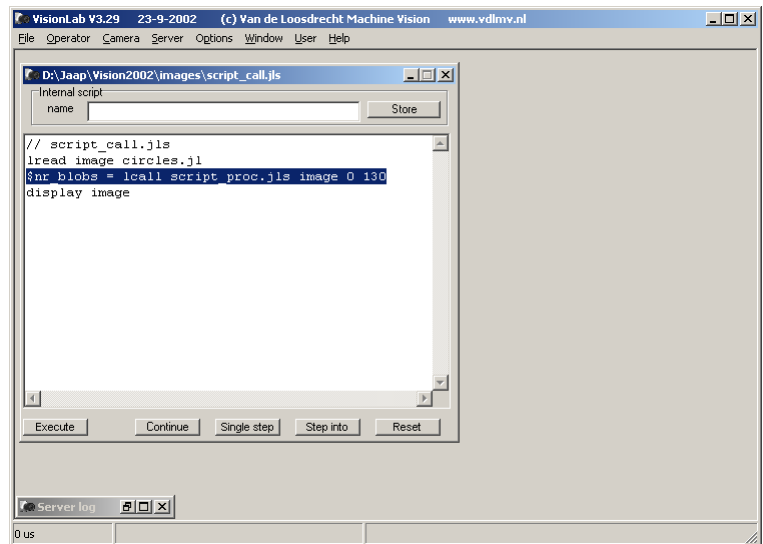
- open script script_call.jls
- click single step
- click single step
- click step into
- click single step
- click single step
- open window 'Examine vars' in the server menu
- click continue script

8/27/2018

VisionLab

124

Demonstration script procedure calls (*)

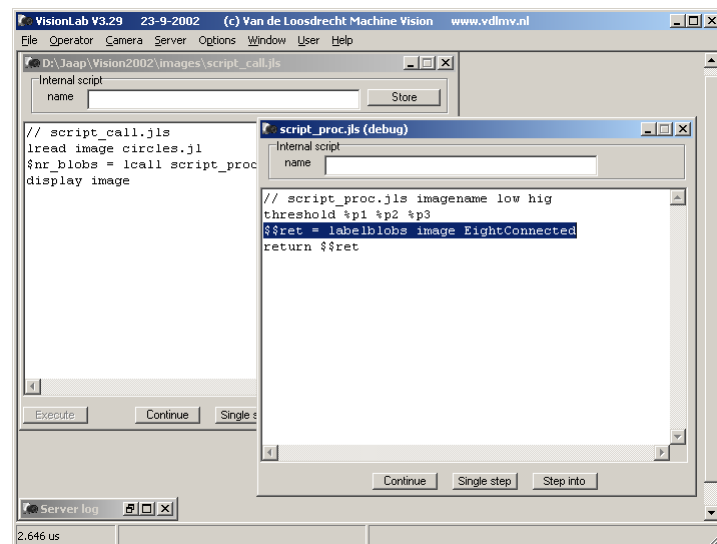


8/27/2018

VisionLab

125

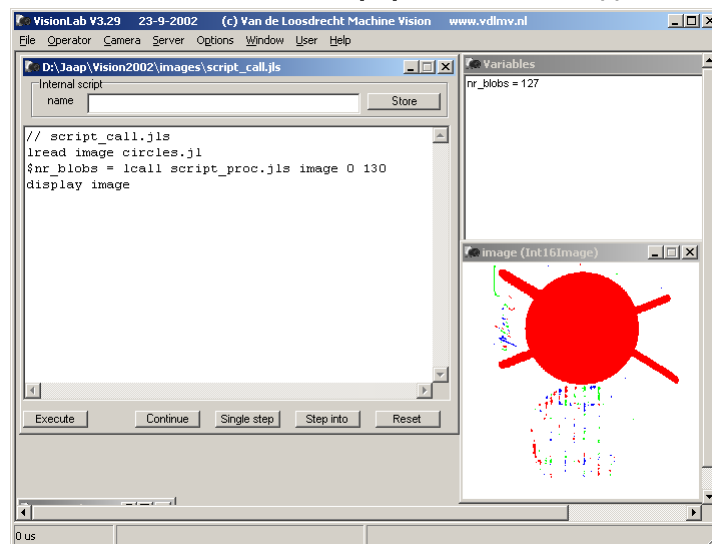
Demonstration script procedure calls (*)



8/27/2018

VisionLab

126

Demonstration script procedure calls (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

127

Array as parameters, method 1 (*)**Main:**

```
$arr[0] = 1
$arr[1] = 2
lcall arrayParam.jls &$arr
```

arrayParams2.jls:

```
CopyVar %p1 &$res
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

128

Array as parameters, method 2 (*)**Main:**

```
$arr[0] = 1  
$arr[1] = 2  
lcall arrayParam2.jls arr
```

arrayParams2.jls:

```
CopyVar &$%p1 &$res
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

129

Speeding up scripts (*)

- Using internal scripts
- System settings
 - Disable client logging
 - Disable server logging
 - Disable history mechanism

8/27/2018

VisionLab

130

Demonstration speed up by using internal script (*)

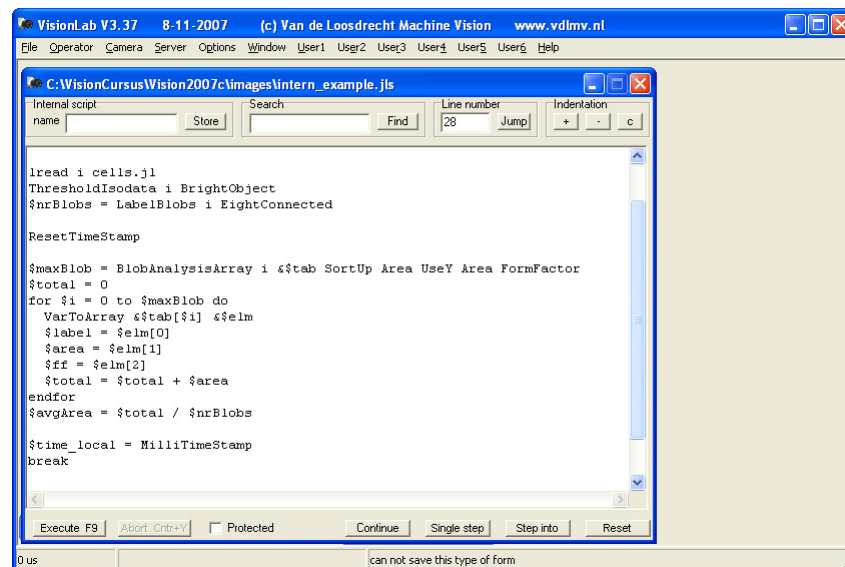
- open script internal_example.jls
- run script to first break point
- examine variables
- examine script intern_script.jls
- run (continue) second part of script and compare executing times
- \$time_local = 6411 ms
- \$time_intern = 176 ms
- Note: this example is just to demonstrate internal scripts. A much faster way to calculate the average area is to count the number of object pixels and divide this number with the number of object

8/27/2018

VisionLab

131

open script internal_example.jls (*)

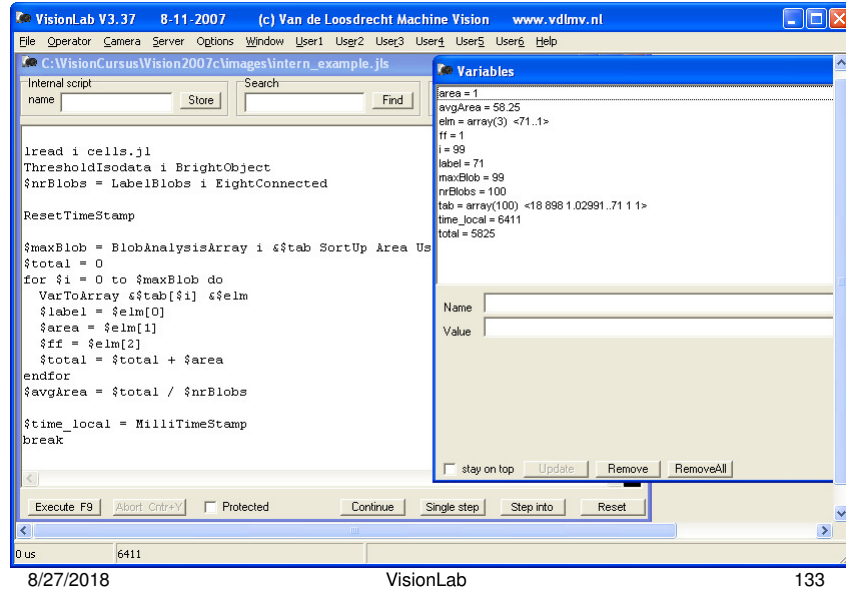


8/27/2018

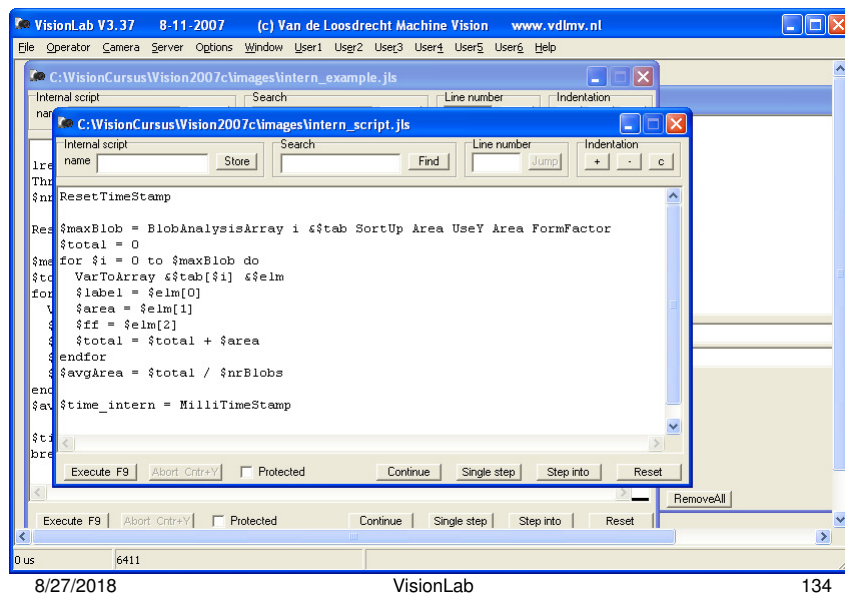
VisionLab

132

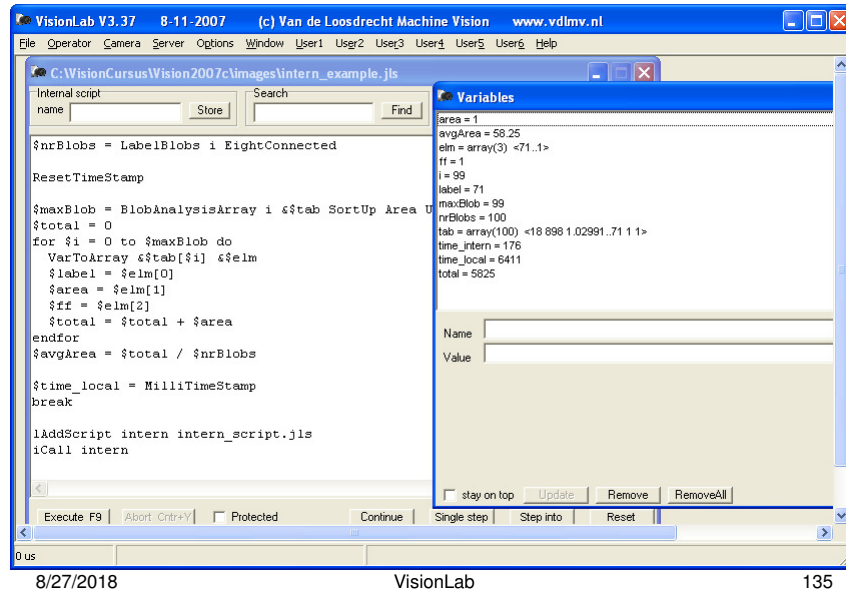
run script to first break point (*)



examine script intern_script.jls (*)



run second part of script and compare executing times(*)



Speeding up scripts (*)

- **System settings**
 - **Disable client logging:**
set in main menu item server log to "no log"
 - **Disable server logging and Disable history mechanism:**
close visionlab
open file visionlab.ini
search in file for "[localserver]"
next line has item "exename" with syntax
**vissvr.exe <port> <byteorder> <timeout> <maxhissize>
<EchoOn|EchoOff> <(no)debug>**
set <maxhissize> to 0
set <EchoOn|EchoOff> to EchoOff
example: "exename=vissvr.exe 2066 NativeByteOrder 5 0
EchoOff nodebug"
save and close file visionlab.ini
start VisionLab again

8/27/2018

VisionLab

136

Adding a script as new operator (*)

New operators can be added to the system by editing the file visionlab.ini. See for more details Adding a new operator to the client

Example:

An operator with the name Script must be added to the usermenu. When the operator is selected the script with name test.jls is to be executed and it will receive three parameters.

In order to make this possible add the following lines to the file visionlab.ini and startup the system.

```
[examplescript]
menu=UserMenu
caption=Example &Script
class=IntImage
script=test.jls
paramform=scriptparam
selectedimage source
editbox low 0
editbox high 80
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

137

Adding a script as new operator (*)

Explanation:

[examplescript]: In [] the name of the operator. Note: no white space behind] is allowed.

menu: The menu where the operator is added to the system.

caption: The name used for the operator in the menu. The & give the letter for the shortcut.

class: The highest class in the Image hierarchy overview on which the operator can work.

script: The filename of the script which is to be executed.

paramform: Specifies the form which to be used to ask the user for the parameters. Currently for user scripts only 'scriptparam' is supported.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

138

Adding a script as new operator (*)

The section following paramform specifies the parameters for the operator. The maximal number of parameters is 25. The parameters are displayed and send to the server in the same order as they are declared. There are the following possibilities:

- **selectedimage <prompt>**: An edit field is added with a prompt and the image name of the currently selected image
- **2ndselected <prompt>**: An edit field is added with a prompt and the image name of the 2ndselected image
- **3rdselected <prompt>**: An edit field is added with a prompt and the image name of the 3rdselected image.
- **genimagename <prompt>**: An edit field is added with a prompt and a generated image name
- **spinedit <prompt> <default> <low> <high>**: A spinedit field is added with a prompt and a default value. Low and high specify the extreme possible values

8/27/2018

VisionLab

139

Adding a script as new operator (*)

- **editbox <prompt> <default>**: An edit field is added with a prompt and a default value
- **combobox <prompt> <default> <item1> ... <itemN>**: A combo box is added with a prompt and a default value. The combobox is filled with the specified items. If prompt equals to 'none' combobox is invisible

8/27/2018

VisionLab

140

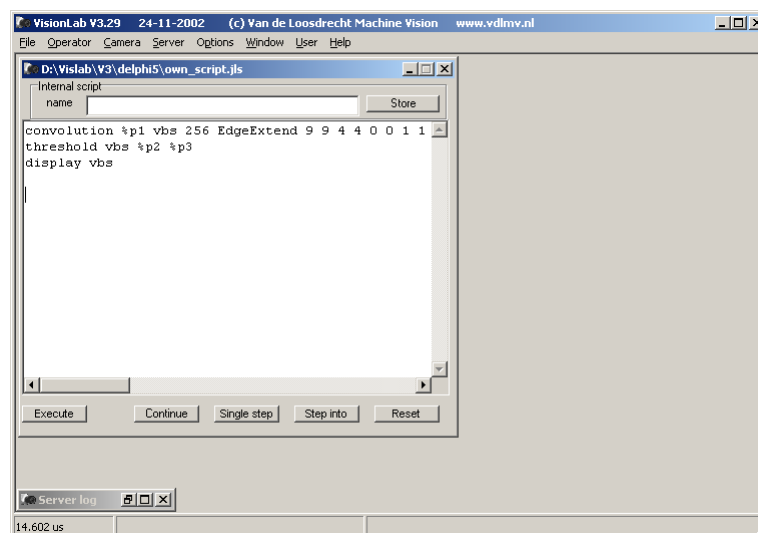
Example: Adding an own script as operator (*)

- Demonstrate own_script.jls in User Menu item 'example script' on circles.jl and look at vislab.ini for added script as new operator.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

141

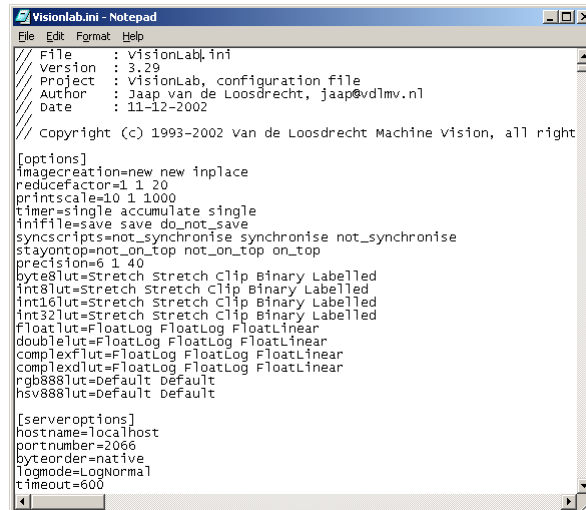
Example: Adding an own script as operator (*)

8/27/2018

VisionLab

142

VisionLab.ini configuration file (*)



```

Visionlab.ini - Notepad
File Edit Format Help
// File : Visionlab.ini
// Version : 3.29
// Project : VisionLab, configuration file
// Author : Jaap van de Loosdrecht, jaap@vd1mv.nl
// Date : 11-12-2002
// Copyright (c) 1993-2002 Van de Loosdrecht Machine vision, all right

[options]
imagecreation=new new inplace
reducefactor=1 1 20
printscale=10 1 1000
timer=single accumulate single
infile=save save do_not_save
syncscripts=not_synchronise synchronise not_synchronise
stayontop=not_on_top not_on_top on_top
precision=6 1 40
byte8lut=Stretch Stretch Clip Binary Labelled
int8lut=Stretch Stretch Clip Binary Labelled
int16lut=Stretch Stretch Clip Binary Labelled
int32lut=Stretch Stretch Clip Binary Labelled
floatlut=FloatLog FloatLog FloatLinear
doublelut=FloatLog FloatLog FloatLinear
complexflut=FloatLog FloatLog FloatLinear
complexdlut=FloatLog FloatLog FloatLinear
rgb888lut=Default Default
hsv888lut=Default Default

[serveroptions]
hostname=localhost
portnumber=2066
byteorder=native
logmode=LogNormal
timeout=600

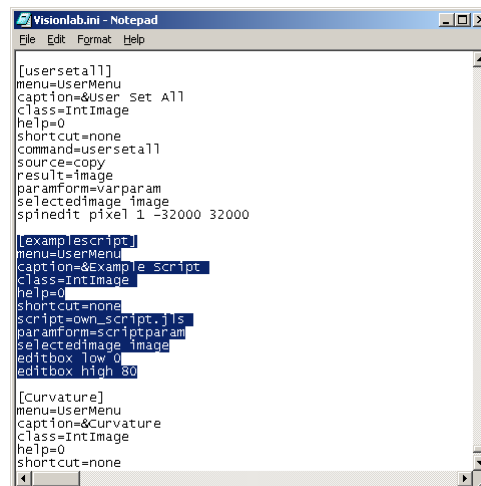
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

143

Adding script own_script.jls as operator in visionlab.ini (*)



```

Visionlab.ini - Notepad
File Edit Format Help

[usersetall]
menu=UserMenu
caption=&User Set All
class=IntImage
help=0
shortcut=none
command=usersetall
source=copy
result=image
paramform=varparam
selectedimage=image
spinedit pixel 1 -32000 32000

[examplescript]
menu=UserMenu
caption=&Example Script
class=IntImage
help=0
shortcut=none
script=own_script.jls
paramform=scriptparam
selectedimage=image
editbox low 0
editbox high 80

[curvature]
menu=UserMenu
caption=&Curvature
class=IntImage
help=0
shortcut=none

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

144

Adding a user C++ operator (*)

Add new operator to server to set all pixels to same value

- Write new operator in C++ (UserSetAll)
- Write envelope for operator (SetAllCmd)
- Add envelope to cmd interpreter (Main in vissrv.cpp)
- Command send to server will be: usersetall <image name> <pixel value>
- The server will use the first word as name of the command ("usersetall") and will use this name to find the associated envelope function SetAllCmd
- SetAllCmd will get as input stream the command without the first word: "<image name> <pixel value>"
- SetAllCmd will:
 - read the image name and pixel value from the inputs stream
 - check whether image name is a valid image
 - call UserSetAll with image and value as parameter
 - the call to userSetAll is surrounded with timer functions which supports the displaying of the time needed for the operation in the left bottom corner of the GUI
 - The call AddLastCmdToHistory adds the command to the history list of the image

Add new operator to GUI

- Edit vislab.ini

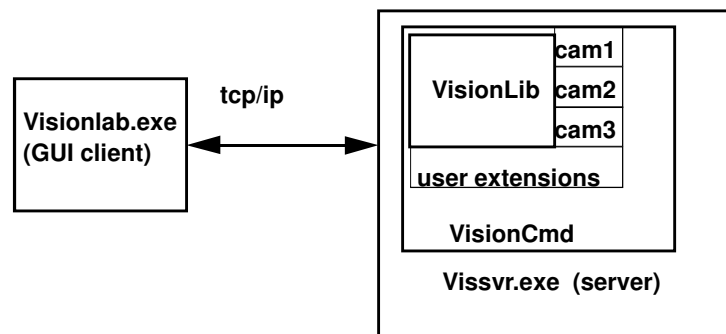
See for example the files in the src directory of the SDK:
useroper.h, useroper.cpp and vissrv.cpp

8/27/2018

VisionLab

145

Adding a C++ operator to the VisionLab server (*)



The new operator is added in the next example in the module
useroper.cpp

See for files, the solution vissvr.sln

8/27/2018

VisionLab

146

Useroper.cpp (*)

```
// The operator to be added
void UserSetAll (Int16Image &image, const Int16Pixel pixel) {
    for (int y = 0; y < image.GetHeight(); y++) {
        for (int x = 0; x < image.GetWidth(); x++) {
            image(x,y) = pixel;
        } // for x
    } // for y
} // UserSetAll
```

Example operator to set all pixels to same value

```
// the following code envelope is necessary to add the new operator to the server
static void SetAllCmd (istream &is, ostream &os, VisLibCmdInt &cmdInt) {
    QString imageName;
    Int16Pixel pixel;
    is >> imageName >> pixel;
    if (is.fail()) throw(Error("[SetAll] input error"));
    if (CheckIsInt16Image(cmdInt, imageName, os)) {
        Int16Image *src = dynamic_cast <Int16Image *>(cmdInt.GetImage(imageName));
        cmdInt.StartTimer();
        UserSetAll (*src, pixel);
        cmdInt.StopTimer();
        cmdInt.AddLastCmdToHistory (imageName);
        os << "example of a result string";
    }
} // SetAllCmd

// called by the main program
void InsertUserOperCmds (VisLibCmdInt &cmdInt) {
    cmdInt.InsertCmd ("userSetAll", CmdIntCommand(SetAllCmd, cmdInt), "<imageName> <pixelvalue>");
} // InsertUserOperCmds
```

Example string send to the command interpreter:
"userSetAll image 100"

8/27/2018

VisionLab

147

Vissvr.cpp (*)

```
...
int main (int argc, char *argv[ ]) {
    ...
    VisLibCmdInt cmdInt ( ... );
    VisLibSvr server(cmdInt, ... );
    // register camera's
    RegisterDummyCam(cmdInt);
    //RegisterFirePackCam(cmdInt);
    //RegisterTeliCam(cmdInt);
    //RegisterFireCam(cmdInt);
    //RegisterSKCam(cmdInt);
    //RegisterGCam(cmdInt);
    RegisterDXCam(cmdInt);
    InsertUserOperCmds (cmdInt); // simple user defined operator
    server.Run();
    ....
} // main
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

148

Vissvr.cpp (*)

You need to adapt the source if you want to use an another camera interface

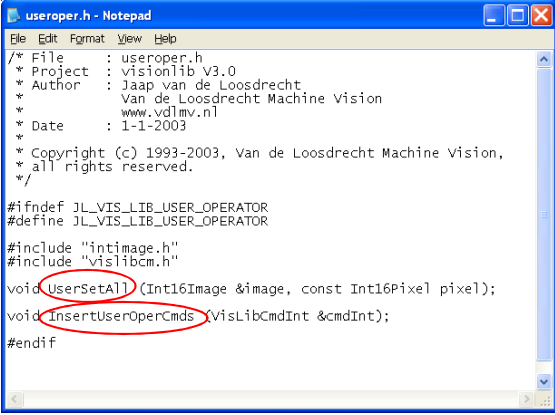
```
/* How to add camera support to this component:
* DXCam:
* - add "RegisterDXCam(*cmdInt);" to DIIMain
* - add dxcam.lib from the ReleaseLib directory to this project
* - build the project
* Firewire FirePack:
* - add "RegisterFirePackCam(*cmdInt);" to main
* - add firepack.lib from the ReleaseLib directory to this project
* - build the project
* Gen<I>Cam with GenTL:
* - add "RegisterJL_GenICam(*cmdInt);" to main
* - add genicam.lib from the ReleaseLib directory to this project
* - build the project
*/
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

149

useroper.h (*)



```
useroper.h - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
/* File : useroper.h
* Project : visionlib v3.0
* Author : Jaap van de Loosdrecht
* Van de Loosdrecht Machine Vision
* www.vd1mv.nl
* Date : 1-1-2003
*
* Copyright (c) 1993-2003, Van de Loosdrecht Machine Vision,
* all rights reserved.
*/

#ifndef JL_VIS_LIB_USER_OPERATOR
#define JL_VIS_LIB_USER_OPERATOR

#include "intimage.h"
#include "vislibcm.h"

void UserSetAll (Int16Image &image, const Int16Pixel pixel);
void InsertUserOperCmds (VisLibCmdInt &cmdInt);

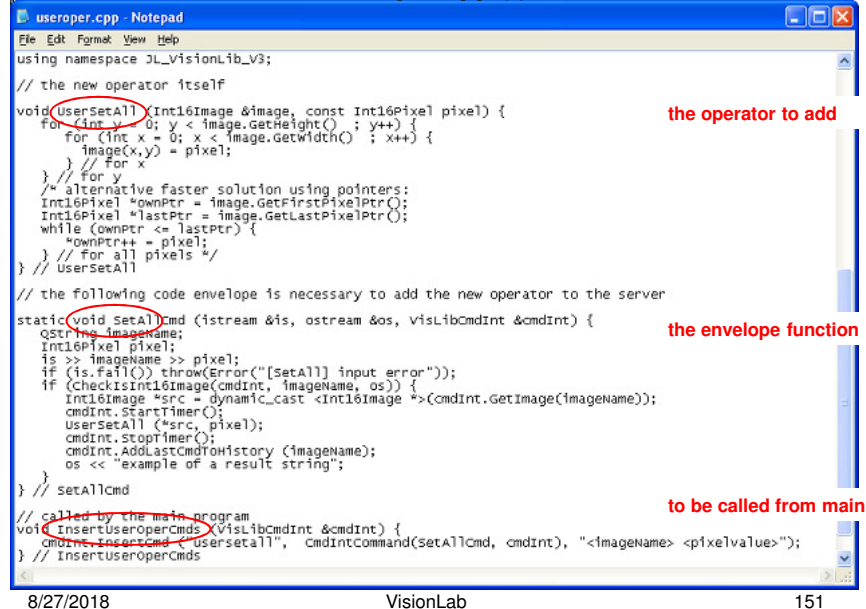
#endif
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

150

useroper.cpp (*)



```

useroper.cpp - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
using namespace JLVisionLib_V3;
// the new operator itself
void UserSetAll (Int16Image &image, const Int16Pixel pixel) {
    for (int y = 0; y < image.GetHeight(); y++) {
        for (int x = 0; x < image.GetWidth(); x++) {
            image(x,y) = pixel;
        } // for x
    } // for y
    /* alternative faster solution using pointers:
    Int16Pixel *ownPtr = image.GetFirstPixelPtr();
    Int16Pixel *lastPtr = image.GetLastPixelPtr();
    while (ownPtr <= lastPtr) {
        *ownPtr++ = pixel;
    } // for all pixels */
} // UserSetAll

// the following code envelope is necessary to add the new operator to the server
static void SetAllCmd (istream &is, ostream &os, VisLibCmdInt &cmdInt) {
    QString imageName;
    Int16Pixel pixel;
    is >> imageName >> pixel;
    if (!is.fail()) throw(Error("[SetAll] input error"));
    if (checkIsInt16Image(cmdInt, imageName, os)) {
        Int16Image *src = dynamic_cast <Int16Image *>(cmdInt.GetImage(imageName));
        cmdInt.StartTimer();
        UserSetAll (*src, pixel);
        cmdInt.StopTimer();
        cmdInt.AddLastCmdToHistory (imageName);
        os << "example of a result string";
    }
} // SetAllCmd

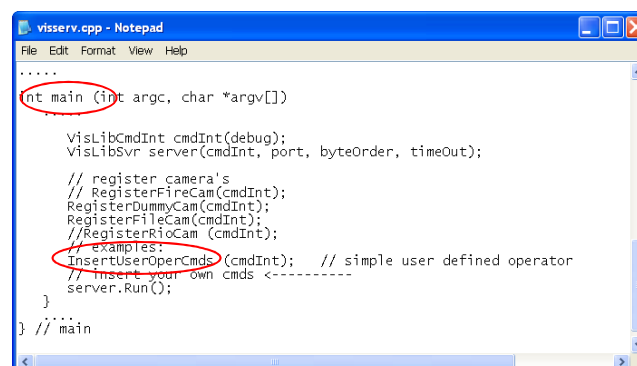
// called by the main program
void InsertUserOperCmds (VisLibCmdInt &cmdInt) {
    cmdInt.InsertCmd ("UserSetAll", cmdInt.Command(SetAllCmd, cmdInt), "<imageName> <pixelvalue>");
} // InsertUserOperCmds
  
```

Annotations in the image:

- the operator to add**: points to the `UserSetAll` function definition.
- the envelope function**: points to the `SetAllCmd` function definition.
- to be called from main**: points to the `InsertUserOperCmds` function definition.

8/27/2018 VisionLab 151

visserv.cpp (*)



```

visserv.cpp - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
.....
int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    VisLibCmdInt cmdInt(debug);
    VisLibSvr server(cmdInt, port, byteOrder, timeOut);

    // register camera's
    RegisterFireCam(cmdInt);
    RegisterDummyCam(cmdInt);
    RegisterFileCam(cmdInt);
    RegisterRioCam (cmdInt);
    // examples:
    InsertUserOperCmds (cmdInt); // simple user defined operator
    // Insert your own cmds <-----
    server.Run();
}
} // main
  
```

Annotations in the image:

- int main**: points to the `int main` function signature.
- InsertUserOperCmds**: points to the `InsertUserOperCmds` function call.

8/27/2018 VisionLab 152

Add new operator to GUI (*)

```
// User menu
[convertfloattobyteimage]
menu=UserMenu
caption=&ConvertFloatToByteImage
class=NumImage
help=0
shortcut=none
command=convertfloattobyteimage
source=original
result=2ndimage
paramform=varparam
selectedimage source
genimagename destination
combobox lut FloatLog FloatLog FloatLinear

[usersetall]
menu=UserMenu
caption=&User Set All
class=IntImage
help=0
shortcut=none
command=usersetall
source=copy
result=image
paramform=varparam
selectedimage image
spinedit pixel 0 -32000 32000

[examplescript]
menu=UserMenu
caption=&Example Script
class=IntImage
help=0
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

153

Adding a new C++ operator to the client (*)

New operators can be added to the client by editing the file visionlab.ini.
The new operators will be active the next time the system is started.

The descriptor for the operator with name usersetall looks like:

```
[usersetall]
menu=User1Menu
caption=&User Set All
class=IntImage
help=0
shortcut=none
command=UserSetAll
source=copy
result=image
paramform=varparam
selectedimage image
spinedit pixel 1 -32000 32000
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

154

Adding a new C++ operator to the client (*)

[usersetall]: In [] the name of the operator. Note: no white space behind] is allowed.

menu: The menu where the operator is added to the system.

caption: The name used for the operator in the menu. The & give the letter for the shortcut.

class: The highest class in the Image hierarchy overview on which the operator can work, or "NoImage" if operator does not work with images.

shortcut: The name for a key on the keyboard, which can activate the operator without using the menu. Possible values: none, ctrl+a, .. ctrl+z, f1, .. f12, ctrl+f1, .. ctrl+f12, shift+f1, .. shift+f12, shift+ctrl+f1, .. shift+ctrl+f12, ins, shift+ins, ctrl+ins, del, shift+del, ctrl+del, alt+bksp and shift+alt+bksp.

command: The command name which is sent to the server.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

155

Adding a new C++ operator to the client (*)

source: Specifies on which image operation is performed, possible values:

- original: operation is performed on the source image.
- copy: operation is performed on a copy of the original, the name of the copy is either specified by a imagename parameter (see below: description of paramform) or generated by the system.
- none: operation is not performed on an image.

result: Determines how the result of the operation is to be displayed, possible values:

- image: The image (= first parameter) on which the operation was performed is displayed.
- 2ndimage: The image specified as second parameter in the parameter list of the server command is displayed.
- 3rdimage: The image specified as third parameter in the parameter list of the server command is displayed.
- 4thimage: The image specified as fourthparameter in the parameter list of the server command is displayed.
- 2nd3rdimage: The images specified as second and third parameter in the parameter list of the server command are displayed.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

156

Adding a new C++ operator to the client (*)

result (continued):

- **2nd3rd4thimage:** The images specified as second, third and fourth parameter in the parameter list of the server command are displayed.
- **bothimages:** image and 2ndimage are displayed, see above.
- **box:** As result a string with the format '(x1,y1) (x2,y2)' is expected from the server. A box with lefttop (x1,y1) and rightbottom (x2,y2) is drawn in the current active image.
- **circle:** As result a string with the format '(x,y) r h' is expected from the server. A circle with centre (x,y) and radius r is drawn in the current active image. h is the number of hits.
- **circles:** As result a string with the format 'n (x,y) r h ... (x,y) r h' is expected from the server. N circles with centres (x,y) and radius r are drawn in the current active image.
- **line:** As result a string with the format '(x1,y1) (x2,y2)' is expected from the server. A line from (x1,y1) to (x2,y2) is drawn in the current active image.
- **polarline:** As result a string with the format '(r,phi) h' is expected from the server. A line with polarcoordinates is drawn in the current active image. h is the number of hits.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

157

Adding a new C++ operator to the client (*)

result (continued):

- **polarlines:** As result a string with the format 'n (r,phi) h ... (r,phi) h' is expected from the server. N lines with polarcoordinates is drawn in the current active image. h is the number of hits.
- **string:** As result a string is expected from the server which is displayed in the info bar.
- **stringlist:** As result a list of strings is expected from the server which is displayed in a window.
- **nothing:** Nothing is displayed.

paramform: Specifies the form which to be used to ask the user for the parameters. Currently for user C++ operators only 'varparam' is supported.

The section following paramform specifies the parameters for the operator. The maximal number of parameters is 25. The parameters are displayed and sent to the server in the same order as they are declared.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

158

Adding a new C++ operator to the client (*)

There are the following possibilities for the parameters :

- **selectedimage <prompt>**: An editfield is added with a prompt and the image name of the currently selected image.
- **2ndselected <prompt>**: An editfield is added with a prompt and the image name of the 2ndselected image.
- **3rdselected <prompt>**: An editfield is added with a prompt and the image name of the 3rdselected image.
- **genimagename <prompt>**: An editfield is added with a prompt and a generated image name.
- **spinedit <prompt> <default> <low> <high>**: A spinedit field is added with a prompt and a default value. Low and high specify the extreme possible values.
- **editbox <prompt> <default>**: An editfield is added with a prompt and a default value.
- **combobox <prompt> <default> <item1> ... <itemN>**: A combo box is added with a prompt and a default value. The combobox is filled with the specified items.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

159

Adding a new C++ operator to the client (*)

Possibilities for the parameters (continued):

- **checkboxlistbox <prompt> <defaults> <|> <item1> ... <itemN>**: A checkboxlistbox is added with a prompt and default check values. The listbox is filled with the specified items.
NOTE: this parameter can ONLY be used as the last parameter of a command.

8/27/2018

VisionLab

160

Adding a user plugin with new operators (*)

Steps

- Write plugin with new operators
- Add for each new operator a line to file pluginsJL.ini
- Add for each operator a description in visionlab.ini
(see slide about "Adding a new C++ operator to the client")

See for examples the following files in the SDK:

- Header file for plugin interface:
src\JL_VisionLib_plugin.h
- Example solution for plugin for C++:
msvs08\Examples\JL_VisionLib_plugin
- Example project plugin for Delphi:
msvs08\Examples\TestDelphi5

8/27/2018

VisionLab

161

JL_VisionLib_plugin.h (*)

This header file defines the interface for the Plugin.

It consists of following parts:

- Enum JL_ImageType for defining the image types of VisionLab and BytesPerPixelTab table for defining the size of a pixel for each image type
- Prototypes for the callback functions
- JL_PluginInitialize, this function is called to initialize the callback functions when linking the DLL
- The prototype for the plugin functions inside the DLL

Notes:

- there can be any number of plugin functions in one dll
- there can be any number of dlls

8/27/2018

VisionLab

162

JL_VisionLib_plugin.h (*)

```

//Image type enumeration
enum JL_ImageType {BYTEIMAGE, INT8IMAGE, INT16IMAGE, INT32IMAGE, FLOATIMAGE,
    DOUBLEIMAGE, RGB888IMAGE, RGB161616IMAGE, HSV888IMAGE, HSV161616IMAGE,
    YUV888IMAGE, YUV161616IMAGE, COMPLEXFLOATIMAGE, COMPLEXDOUBLEIMAGE
};

// table with the bytes per pixel for each image type
const int JL_BytesPerPixelTab[] = {
    sizeof(unsigned char),
    sizeof(char),
    sizeof(short int),
    sizeof(int),
    sizeof(float),
    sizeof(double),
    sizeof(unsigned char) * 4,
    sizeof(unsigned short int) * 3,
    sizeof(unsigned char) * 4,
    sizeof(unsigned short int) * 3,
    sizeof(unsigned char) * 4,
    sizeof(unsigned short int) * 3,
    sizeof(float) * 2,
    sizeof(double) * 2
};

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

163

JL_VisionLib_plugin.h (*)

```

//Callback to create a new image
typedef void * (*JL_CreateImageProc) (const char *imageName,
    const JL_ImageType type, int height, int width, void *cmdInt);

//Callback to get image information
typedef void * (*JL_GetImageProc) (const char *imageName, JL_ImageType *type,
    int *height, int *width, void *cmdInt);

//Callback to create a new string
typedef char * (*JL_CreateStringProc) (const int length);

// Callback to execute VisionLab command from plugin, plugin must reserve memory
// with size maxSizeResult for result
typedef void (*JL_ExecuteCmdProc) (const char *cmd, char * const result,
    const int maxSizeResult, void *cmdInt);

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

164

JL_VisionLib_plugin.h (*)

```

extern "C" __declspec(dllexport)
//This function is called to initialize the callback functions when linking the DLL
void JL_PluginInitialize (JL_CreateImageProc createImageProc,
                          JL_GetImageProc getImageProc,
                          JL_CreateStringProc createStringProc,
                          JL_ExecuteCmdProc executeCmdProc,
                          void *cmdInt);

/*
The prototype for the plugin functions inside the DLL
#ifdef WIN32
extern "C" __declspec(dllexport)
#endif
int JL_Plugin (const int nrParams, const char* const *paramArray, char** result, void
               *cmdInt);
function result == 0 means success
function result != 0 means failure, possible extra error information in result
notes about string result conventions in VisionLab:
- in case of errors string starts with "[<name of command>]",
  so '[' and ']' can NOT be used in normal string results
- "{xxx us}" is append for timing information,
  so '{' and '}' can NOT be used in normal string results
*/

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

165

Example in C++ for plugin: JL_VisionLib_plugin.cpp (*)

This example has the following parts:

- Implementation of JL_PluginInitialize
- JL_Echo_Plugin
example of string handling
- JL_CmdTest_Plugin
example of calling a VisionLab command from the plugin
- JL_CopyImage_Plugin
example of making a copy of an image
- JL_Threshold_Plugin
example of a user threshold implementation

8/27/2018

VisionLab

166

JL_VisionLib_plugin.cpp: Implementation of JL_PluginInitialize (*)

```

/* Start of code that should always be in the plugin */
static void * globalCmdInt;
static JL_CreateImageProc createImageProc;
static JL_GetImageProc getImageProc;
static JL_CreateStringProc createStringProc;
static JL_ExecuteCmdProc executeCmdProc;
// This function is called when linking the DLL
void JL_PluginInitialize (JL_CreateImageProc createImageP,
                        JL_GetImageProc getImageP,
                        JL_CreateStringProc createStringP,
                        JL_ExecuteCmdProc execP,
                        void *cmdInt) {
    createImageProc = createImageP;
    getImageProc = getImageP;
    createStringProc = createStringP;
    executeCmdProc = execP;
    globalCmdInt = cmdInt;
} // JL_PluginInitialize
/* End of code that should always be in the plugin */

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

167

JL_VisionLib_plugin.cpp: JL_Echo_Plugin (*)

```

// Example of handling strings
// - input string is copied to function result.
// - $res = Echo_Plugin 12345
// - $res will have the value "12345"
extern "C" __declspec(dllexport)
int JL_Echo_Plugin (const int nrParams, const char* const *paramArray,
                  char** result, void *cmdInt) {
    if (nrParams == 1) {
        *result = createStringProc ((unsigned int)strlen(paramArray[0]));
        strcpy(*result, paramArray[0]);
    } else {
        string msg = "[JL_Echo_Plugin]: Invalid number of parameters";
        *result = createStringProc ((unsigned int) msg.size());
        strcpy(*result, msg.c_str());
        return -1; // indicating failure
    } // if
    return 0; // indication succes
} // JL_Echo_Plugin

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

168

JL_VisionLib_plugin.cpp: JL_CmdTest_Plugin (*)

```

// Example of executing VisionLab command
// - 1 input parameter
// - command to execute: $test_plugin = 'value first input parameter'
// - no result is returned
extern "C" __declspec(dllexport)
int JL_CmdTest_Plugin (const int nrParams, const char* const *paramArray,
                      char** result, void *cmdInt) {
    const int bufsize = 100;
    char buf[bufsize];
    if (nrParams == 1) {
        *result = createStringProc (bufsize);
        string cmd = string("$test_plugin = ") + string(paramArray[0]);
        executeCmdProc (cmd.c_str(), buf, bufsize, cmdInt);
        strcpy(*result, buf);
    } else {
        string msg = "[JL_CmdTest_Plugin]: Invalid number of parameters";
        *result = createStringProc ((unsigned int) msg.size());
        strcpy(*result, msg.c_str());
        return -1; // indicating failure
    } // if
    return 0; // indication succes
} // JL_CmdTest_Plugin

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

169

JL_VisionLib_plugin.cpp: JL_CopyImage_Plugin 1 (*)

```

// Example of handling image
// - image with name in first parameter is copied to image with name
//   in second parameter
// - memory for second image is allocated
// - CopyImage_Plugin <src> <dest>
extern "C" __declspec(dllexport)
int JL_CopyImage_Plugin (const int nrParams, const char* const *paramArray,
                        char** result, void *cmdInt) {
    if (nrParams == 2) {
        JL_ImageType type;
        int height, width;
        void *srcPtr, *destPtr;
        srcPtr = getImageProc(paramArray[0], &type, &height, &width,
                              globalCmdInt);

        if (srcPtr != NULL)
            destPtr = createImageProc (paramArray[1], type, height,
                                       width, globalCmdInt);

        if (srcPtr != NULL && destPtr != NULL) {
            memcpy((void *) destPtr, (void *) srcPtr, height * width *
                  JL_BytesPerPixelTab[type]);
        }
    }
}

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

170

JL_VisionLib_plugin.cpp : JL_CopyImage_Plugin 2 (*)

```

    } else {
        string msg = "[JL_CopyImage_Plugin]: Invalid source
                      or destination image";
        *result = createStringProc ((unsigned int) msg.size());
        strcpy(*result, msg.c_str());
        return -1; // indicating failure
    }
} else {
    string msg = "[JL_CopyImage_Plugin]: Invalid number of
                  parameters";
    *result = createStringProc ((unsigned int) msg.size());
    strcpy(*result, msg.c_str());
    return -1; // indicating failure
} // if
return 0; // indication succes
} // JL_CopyImage_Plugin

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

171

JL_VisionLib_plugin.cpp : JL_Threshold_Plugin 1 (*)

```

static void Threshold (const void *imgPtr, const int height,
                      const int width, const JL_ImageType type,
                      const double low, const double high) {
    switch (type) {
        // ..... //
        case BYTEIMAGE: {
            unsigned char *ptr = (unsigned char *) imgPtr;
            for (int i = 0; i < height * width; i++) {
                if (*ptr > low && *ptr <= high)
                    *ptr++ = 1;
                else
                    *ptr++ = 0;
            } // for i
            break;
        }
        case INT16IMAGE: {
            // ..... //
        } // switch type
    } // Threshold
}

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

172

JL_VisionLib_plugin.cpp : JL_Threshold_Plugin 2 (*)

```
// Example of inplace image operation
// - image with name in first parameter is thresholded with 2nd
//   parameter as low and 3rd as high
// - Threshold_Plugin <image> <low> <high>
extern "C" __declspec(dllexport)
int JL_Threshold_Plugin (const int nrParams, const char* const
                        *paramArray, char** result, void *cmdInt) {
    if (nrParams == 3) {
        int height, width;
        JL_ImageType type;
        void *imgPtr;
        imgPtr = getImageProc(paramArray[0], &type, &height, &width,
                              globalCmdInt);
        if (imgPtr != NULL) {
            double low = atof(paramArray[1]);
            double high = atof(paramArray[2]);
            Threshold(imgPtr, height, width, type, low, high);
        }
    }
}
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

173

JL_VisionLib_plugin.cpp : JL_Threshold_Plugin 3 (*)

```
} else {
    string msg = "[JL_ThresholdPlugin]: Invalid source or
                  destination image";
    *result = createStringProc ((unsigned int) msg.size());
    strcpy(*result, msg.c_str());
    return -1; // indicating failure
}
} else {
    string msg = "[JL_ThresholdPlugin]: Invalid number of
                  parameters";
    *result = createStringProc ((unsigned int) msg.size());
    strcpy(*result, msg.c_str());
    return -1; // indicating failure
} // if
return 0; // indication succes
} // JL_ThresholdPlugin
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

174

pluginsJL.ini (*)

The file pluginsJL.ini bind command names to entry points in dlls.
This file should be in the same directory as vissvr.exe

Each line has the following syntax:

```
<cmdName> <dllName> <entryName> <help info>
// <space> <comment>
```

example:

```
Echo_Plugin JL_VisionLib_plugin.dll JL_Echo_Plugin <string_to_echo>
CmdTest_Plugin JL_VisionLib_plugin.dll JL_CmdTest_Plugin <param_for_assignment>
CopyImage_Plugin JL_VisionLib_plugin.dll JL_CopyImage_Plugin <srcImage> <destImage>
// comment
Threshold_Plugin JL_VisionLib_plugin.dll JL_Threshold_Plugin <imageName> <low> <high>
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

175

Add for each pugin operator a description in visionlab.ini 1 (*)

```
[echo_plugin]
menu=User1Menu
caption=&Echo_Plugin
class=NoImage
help=0
shortcut=none
command=Echo_Plugin
source=none
result=string
paramform=varparam
editbox string 12345

[cmdtest_plugin]
menu=User1Menu
caption=&CmdTest_Plugin
class=NoImage
help=0
shortcut=none
command=CmdTest_Plugin
source=none
result=string
paramform=varparam
editbox value 12345
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

176

Add for each pugin operator a description in visionlab.ini 2 (*)

```
[copyimage_plugin]
menu=User1Menu
caption=&CopyImage_PlugIn
class=NumImage
help=0
shortcut=none
command=CopyImage_PlugIn
source=original
result=2ndimage
paramform=varparam
selectedimage source
genimagenam destination
```

```
[threshold_plugin]
menu=User1Menu
caption=&Threshold_PlugIn
class=OrdImage
help=0
shortcut=none
command=Threshold_PlugIn
source=copy
result=image
paramform=varparam
selectedimage source
editbox low 160
editbox high 255
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

177

Using VisionLab command interpreter in #C (*)**Overview:**

- **JL_VisionLib_DLL.dll:**
wrapper around VisionLab command interpreter
- **JL_VisionLibCmdInt.cs:**
.Net wrapper around JL_VisionLib_DLL
- **Test_CS:**
example program in C#

Notes:

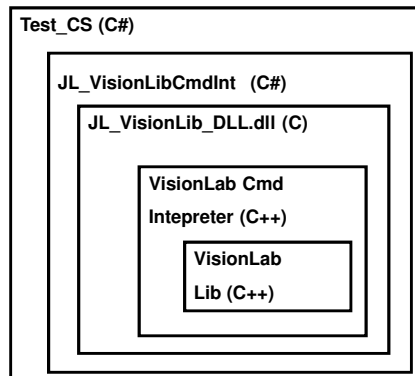
- all files can be found in the visual studio solution examples.sln
- In order to find the license file in the /windows/system32 directory:
set in the project property security:
 - the "Enable ClickOnce Security Settings" to enabled
 - set "This is a full trust application"

8/27/2018

VisionLab

178

Using VisionLab command interpreter in #C (*)



8/27/2018

VisionLab

179

JL_VisionLib_DLL.h (*)

```

/* This module is a dll wrapper around the VisionLib command interpreter.
 * It's function is to make the command interpreter accessible from non Visual
 * studio c++ languages.
 * The 4 main functions can be called using the windows standard calling conventions.
 * The result of executing a command or an error message from the Get/Set function
 * will be returned in a buffer (answer) provided by the user. The user should allocated
 * enough memory. The size of this buffer is specified in parameter maxSizeAnswer.
 * If this buffer is not big enough the answer will be truncated.
 * For most functions a buffer size of 1024 bytes will be sufficient, but special commands like blobanalyse
 * can require more space. If the buffer is to small an error message will be stored in the answer.
 * JL_Execute and JL_SetImage will return the size of answer and/or error text.
 * JL_GetImage will return a handle to a bitmap or a 0 with an error message in answer if the
 * operation failed.
 * GetImage will produce a handle to a bitmap in Format32bppRgb.
 * SetImage will only accept a handle to a bitmap in Format32bppRgb.
 * GetBufPtr will return a pointer to the internal pixel array or a 0 with an error message in answer if the
 * operation failed. Note the buffer is still owned by the image and the buffer should not be deleted by
 * using the returned pointer.
 */

extern "C" __declspec(dllexport) int JL_Execute (const char *cmd, char * const answer,
const int maxSizeAnswer);
extern "C" __declspec(dllexport) HBITMAP JL_GetImage (const char *imageName, char * const answer,
const int maxSizeAnswer);
extern "C" __declspec(dllexport) int JL_SetImage (const char *imageName, const char * JLIimageType,
HBITMAP image, char * const answer, const int maxSizeAnswer);
extern "C" __declspec(dllexport) void* JL_GetBufPtr (const char *imageName, char * const answer,
const int maxSizeAnswer);

```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

180

JL_VisionLib_DLL.cpp (*)

You need to adapt the source if you want to use an another camera interface

```
/* How to add camera support to this component:
* DXCam:
* - add "RegisterDXCam(*cmdInt);" to DIIMain
* - add dxcam.lib from the ReleaseLib directory to this project
* - build the project
* Firewire FirePack:
* - add "RegisterFirePackCam(*cmdInt);" to main
* - add firepack.lib from the ReleaseLib directory to this project
* - build the project
* Gen<I>Cam with GenTL:
* - add "RegisterJL_GenICam(*cmdInt);" to main
* - add genicam.lib from the ReleaseLib directory to this project
* - build the project
*/
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

181

JL_VisionLib_DLL.cpp (*)

```
....
BOOL APIENTRY DIIMain (HANDLE /*hModule*/, DWORD fdwReason, LPVOID /*lpReserved*/) {
    switch (fdwReason) {
        case DLL_PROCESS_ATTACH:
            cmdInt = new VisLibCmdInt(DefaultCallBackCmd(DefCallBackProc), maxHisSize, EchoOff);
            // -----> add here your extensions to the VisionLib command interpreter
            //RegisterDXCam(*cmdInt);
            RegisterJL_GenICam(*cmdInt);
            //RegisterFirePackCam(*cmdInt);
            InsertUserOperCmds(*cmdInt);
            break;
        case DLL_THREAD_ATTACH:
            break;
        case DLL_THREAD_DETACH:
            break;
        case DLL_PROCESS_DETACH:
            if (cmdInt != 0) delete cmdInt;
            break;
    }
    return TRUE; // Successful DLL_PROCESS_ATTACH.
} // DIIMain
.....
```

8/27/2018

VisionLab

182

JL_VisionLibCmdInt.cs (*)

C# interface to VisionLab command interpreter

```
public class CmdInt {
    protected const string dllName =
        @"..\..\JL_VisionLib_DLL\release\JL_VisionLib_DLL.dll";
    public static string Init()
    public static string Execute(string cmd)
    public static Bitmap GetImage(string imageName)
    public static void SetImage(string imageName, string imageType, Bitmap bmp)
}
```

Notes:

- dllName must point to the correct location of JL_VisionLib_DLL.dll
- Init must be call this as soon as possible to avoid late loading of dll
If you change the current working directory before calling Init it is possible that the license file can not be found

8/27/2018

VisionLab

183

TestCS.prj (*)

Test application in C#

Functions:

- Test of one command
- Display VisionLab image in C# PictureBox
- Open an image in C# (*.bmp, jpg, etc), convert it to VisionLab format
- Install camera and make snapshots
Note: you will have to customize the action under the Install button according to the camera used
- Stress test for testing on memory leaks
Note: C# is using a garbage collector. But if you do not free memory yourself, the garbage collector will select a moment to do it itself and may freeze your application for some time

8/27/2018

VisionLab

184

